
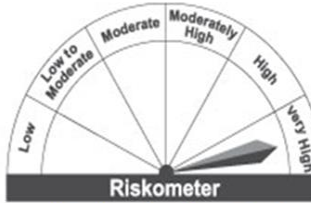




**SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT
MOTILAL OSWAL MULTI ASSET FUND**

(An open ended scheme investing in Equity including Index Funds/Equity ETFs, Gold ETFs and Silver ETFs, International Equity ETF and Stocks, Debt & Money Market Instruments)

(Scheme Code: MOTO/O/H/MAA/20/07/0021)

<p>This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*</p>	<p align="center"><u>Scheme Risk-O-Meter</u></p>	<p>35% Nifty 500 TRI + 50% CRISIL Short Term Bond Fund Index + 13% Domestic Price of Gold + 2% Domestic Price of Silver</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Long term capital appreciation by investing in a diversified portfolio. Investing in Equity including Index Funds/Equity ETFs, Gold ETFs and Silver ETFs, International Equity ETF and Stocks, Debt & Money Market Instruments 	 <p align="center">Riskometer Investors understand that their principal will be at Very High risk</p>	 <p align="center">Riskometer Benchmark riskometer is at Very High risk</p>

***Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them**

Continuous Offer of Units at NAV based prices

Name of Mutual Fund	Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund (MOMF)
Name Asset Management Company (AMC)	Motilal Oswal Asset Management Company Limited (MOAMC)
Name Trustee Company	Motilal Oswal Trustee Company Limited (MOTC)
Address	<p><u>Registered Office:</u> 10th Floor, Motilal Oswal Tower, Rahimtullah Sayani Road, Opp. Parel ST Depot, Prabhadevi, Mumbai-400025</p>
Website	https://www.motilaloswalmf.com/

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date and circulars issued thereunder filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund (MOMF), Standard Risk Factors, Special Considerations, Tax and Legal issues and general information on www.motilaloswalmf.com.

SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website.

The Scheme Information Document (Section I and II) should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This SID is dated **June 26, 2024**.

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PART I: HIGHLIGHTS/SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Sr. No.	Title	Description
I.	Name of the scheme	Motilal Oswal Multi Asset Fund
II.	Category of the Scheme	Multi Asset Allocation
III.	Scheme type	An open ended scheme investing in Equity including Index Funds/Equity ETFs, Gold ETFs and Silver ETFs, International Equity ETF and Stocks, Debt & Money Market Instruments.
IV.	Scheme code	MOTO/O/H/MAA/20/07/0021
V.	Investment objective	<p>The investment objective is to generate long term capital appreciation by investing in Equity including Index Funds/Equity ETFs, Gold ETFs and Silver ETFs, International Equity ETF and Stocks, Debt & Money Market Instruments, REIT and INVIT.</p> <p>However, there can be no assurance or guarantee that the investment objective of the Scheme would be achieved.</p>
VI.	Liquidity	<p>The Scheme offers Units for subscription and redemption at Applicable NAV on all Business Days on an ongoing basis.</p> <p>As per SEBI Regulations, the Mutual Fund shall despatch redemption proceeds within 3 working Days of receiving a valid redemption request. A penal interest of 15% per annum or such other rate as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time, will be paid in case the redemption proceeds are not made within 3 working Days from the date of receipt of a valid redemption request.</p> <p>The units of the Scheme are presently not proposed to be listed on any stock exchange.</p>
VII.	Benchmark (Total Return Index)	35% Nifty 500 TRI + 50% CRISIL Short Term Bond Fund Index + 13% Domestic Price of Gold + 2% Domestic Price of Silver
VIII.	NAV disclosure	<p>The NAV will be calculated on all business days and shall be disclosed in the manner specified by SEBI. The AMC shall update the NAVs on its website www.motilaloswalmf.com and also on AMFI website www.amfiindia.com before 11.00 p.m. on every business day. If the NAVs are not available before 11.00 p.m. on any business day, the reason for delay in uploading NAV would be explained to AMFI in writing. If the NAVs are not available before commencement of Business Hours on the following day due to any reason, the Mutual Fund shall issue a press release giving reasons and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAVs.</p> <p>Further Details in Section III</p>
IX.	Applicable timelines	Mutual Fund shall dispatch redemption proceeds within 3 Business Days of receiving a valid Redemption request.
X.	Plans and Options	<p>The Scheme has two Plans:</p> <p>(i) Regular Plan and</p>

	<p>Plans/Options and sub options under the Scheme</p>	<p>(ii) Direct Plan</p> <p>Regular Plan is for Investors who purchase/subscribe units in a Scheme through any Distributor (AMFI Registered Distributor/ARN Holder). Direct Plan is for investors who purchase/subscribe units in a Scheme directly with the Fund and is not routed through a Distributor (AMFI Registered Distributor/ARN Holder).</p> <p>Growth Option: - All Income earned and realized profit in respect of a unit issued under that will continue to remain invested until repurchase and shall be deemed to have remained invested in the option itself which will be reflected in the NAV.</p> <p>The AMC reserves the right to introduce further Options as and when deemed fit.</p> <p>Investors subscribing Units under Direct Plan of a Scheme should indicate “Direct Plan” against the Scheme name in the application form. Investors should also mention “Direct” in the ARN column of the application form. The table showing various scenarios for treatment of application under “Direct/Regular” Plan is as follows:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="624 1061 1506 1480"> <thead> <tr> <th>Scena rio</th> <th>Broker Code mentioned by the investor</th> <th>Plan mentioned by the investor</th> <th>Default Plan to be captured</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Not mentioned</td> <td>Not mentioned</td> <td>Direct</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Not mentioned</td> <td>Direct</td> <td>Direct</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>Not mentioned</td> <td>Regular</td> <td>Direct</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>Mentioned</td> <td>Direct</td> <td>Direct</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>Direct</td> <td>Not Mentioned</td> <td>Direct</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>Direct</td> <td>Regular</td> <td>Direct</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>Mentioned</td> <td>Regular</td> <td>Regular</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8</td> <td>Mentioned</td> <td>Not Mentioned</td> <td>Regular</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>In cases of wrong/ invalid/ incomplete ARN code mentioned on the application form, the application will be processed under Regular Plan. The AMC shall contact and obtain the correct ARN code within 30 calendar days of the receipt of application form from the investor/ distributor. In case, the correct code is not received within 30 calendar days, the AMC shall reprocess the transaction under Direct Plan from the date of application without any exit load, if applicable.</p>	Scena rio	Broker Code mentioned by the investor	Plan mentioned by the investor	Default Plan to be captured	1	Not mentioned	Not mentioned	Direct	2	Not mentioned	Direct	Direct	3	Not mentioned	Regular	Direct	4	Mentioned	Direct	Direct	5	Direct	Not Mentioned	Direct	6	Direct	Regular	Direct	7	Mentioned	Regular	Regular	8	Mentioned	Not Mentioned	Regular
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6	Direct	Regular	Direct																																			
7	Mentioned	Regular	Regular																																			
8	Mentioned	Not Mentioned	Regular																																			
<p>XI.</p>	<p>Load Structure</p>	<p>Exit Load: 1%- If redeemed on or before 3 months from the date of allotment. Nil- If redeemed after 3 months from the date of allotment.</p> <p>No Exit Load will be applicable in case of switch between the Schemes, Motilal Oswal Multi Asset Fund, Motilal Oswal Midcap Fund, Motilal Oswal Flexi Cap Fund, Motilal Oswal Balanced Advantage Fund, Motilal Oswal Large and Midcap Fund, Motilal Oswal Multi Asset Fund, Motilal</p>																																				

		Oswal Small Cap Fund, Motilal Oswal Large Cap Fund, Motilal Oswal Quant Fund, Motilal Oswal Multi Cap Fund and other schemes as may be amended by AMC vide its addendum issued in this regard. No Load shall be imposed for switching between Options within the Scheme. Further, it is clarified that there will be no exit load charged on a switch-out from Regular to Direct plan within the same scheme.																												
XII.	Minimum Application Amount/switch in	<p>For Lumpsum: Rs.500/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter. For Systematic Investment Plan (SIP):</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>SIP Frequency</th> <th>Minimum Instalment Amount</th> <th>Number of Instalments</th> <th>Choice of Day/Date</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Daily</td> <td>Rs. 100/- and multiple of Re. 1/- thereafter</td> <td>1 month (30 days)</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Weekly</td> <td>Rs. 500/- and multiple of Re. 1/- thereafter</td> <td>Minimum – 12 Maximum – No Limit</td> <td>Any day of the week from Monday to Friday</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fortnightly</td> <td>Rs. 500/- and multiple of Re. 1/- thereafter</td> <td>Minimum – 12 Maximum – No Limit</td> <td>1st & 14th, 7th & 21st and 14th & 28th</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Monthly</td> <td>Rs. 500/- and multiple of Re. 1/- thereafter</td> <td>Minimum – 12 Maximum – No Limit</td> <td>Any day of the month except 29th, 30th or 31st</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Quarterly</td> <td>Rs. 1,500/- and multiple of Re. 1/- thereafter</td> <td>Minimum – 4 Maximum – No Limit</td> <td>Any day of the month for each quarter (i.e. January, April, July, October) except 29th, 30th or 31st</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Annual</td> <td>Rs. 6,000/- and multiple of Re. 1/- thereafter</td> <td>Minimum – 1 Maximum – No Limit</td> <td>Any day or date of his/her preference</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>In case the SIP date is not specified or in case of ambiguity, the SIP transaction will be processed on 7th of every month in which application for SIP registration was received and if the end date is not specified, SIP will continue till it receives termination notice from the investor. In case, the date fixed happens to be a holiday / non-business day, the same shall be affected on the next business day. No Post Dated cheques would be accepted for SIP.</p> <p>Note: Provisions for Minimum Application Amount are not applicable in case of mandatory investments by the Designated Employees of the AMC in accordance with clause 11.2 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI /HO/IMD/ IMD-PoD-1 / P/ CIR / 2023/74 dated May 19, 2023.</p>	SIP Frequency	Minimum Instalment Amount	Number of Instalments	Choice of Day/Date	Daily	Rs. 100/- and multiple of Re. 1/- thereafter	1 month (30 days)		Weekly	Rs. 500/- and multiple of Re. 1/- thereafter	Minimum – 12 Maximum – No Limit	Any day of the week from Monday to Friday	Fortnightly	Rs. 500/- and multiple of Re. 1/- thereafter	Minimum – 12 Maximum – No Limit	1 st & 14 th , 7 th & 21 st and 14 th & 28 th	Monthly	Rs. 500/- and multiple of Re. 1/- thereafter	Minimum – 12 Maximum – No Limit	Any day of the month except 29 th , 30 th or 31 st	Quarterly	Rs. 1,500/- and multiple of Re. 1/- thereafter	Minimum – 4 Maximum – No Limit	Any day of the month for each quarter (i.e. January, April, July, October) except 29 th , 30 th or 31 st	Annual	Rs. 6,000/- and multiple of Re. 1/- thereafter	Minimum – 1 Maximum – No Limit	Any day or date of his/her preference
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XIII.	Minimum Additional Purchase Amount	Rs. 500/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter.
XIV.	Minimum Redemption/switch out amount	Rs. 500/- and in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter or account balance, whichever is lower. Note: Provisions for Minimum Redemption amount are not applicable in case of mandatory investments by the Designated Employees of the AMC in accordance with clause 6.10 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI /HO/IMD/ IMD-PoD-1 / P/ CIR / 2023/74 dated May 19, 2023.
XV.	New Fund Offer Period This is the period during which a new scheme sells its units to the investors	NA
XVI.	New Fund Offer Price: This is the price per unit that the investors have to pay to invest during the NFO.	NA
XVII.	Segregated portfolio/side pocketing disclosure	The AMC / Trustee shall decide on creation of segregated portfolio of the Scheme in case of a credit event/actual default at issuer level. Accordingly, Investor holding units of segregated portfolio may not able to liquidate their holding till the time recovery of money from the issuer. For Details, kindly refer SAI.
XVIII.	Swing pricing disclosure	NA
XIX.	Stock lending/ short selling	Subject to clause 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI /HO/IMD/ IMD-PoD-1 / P/ CIR / 2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, as may be amended from time to time, the Scheme intends to engage in Stock Lending. For Details, kindly refer SAI.
XX.	How to Apply	Investors should mandatorily use the Application Forms, Transactions Request, included in the KIM and other standard forms available at the Investor Service Centers/ www.motilaloswalmf.com , for any financial/non-financial transactions. Any transactions received in any non-standard forms are liable to be rejected. Please refer Details in Section II.
XXI.	Investor services	<u>For General Service request and Complaint Resolution</u> Mr. Juzer Dalal Motilal Oswal Asset Management Company Limited

		<p>10th Floor, Rahimtullah Sayani Road, Opp. Parel ST Depot, Prabhadevi, Mumbai – 400025 Tel No.: +91 8108622222 and +91 22 40548002 Fax No.: 02230896884 Email.: amc@motilalosal.com</p> <p>Investors are advised to contact any of the Designated Collection Center / Investor Service Center or the AMC by calling the toll free no. of the AMC at +91 8108622222 +91 22 40548002. Investors can also visit our website www.motilalosalwalmf.com for complete details.</p> <p>Investor may also approach the Compliance Officer / CEO of the AMC. The details including, inter-alia, name & address of Compliance Officer & CEO, their e-mail addresses and telephone numbers are displayed at each offices of the AMC.</p> <p>For any grievances with respect to transactions through stock exchange mechanism, Unit Holders must approach either their stock broker or the investor grievance cell of the respective stock exchange or their distributor.</p>
XXII.	Specific attribute of the scheme (such as lock in, duration in case of target maturity scheme/close ended schemes) (as applicable)	This is an open-ended scheme.
XXIII.	Special product/facility available during the NFO and on ongoing basis	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A. Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) B. Systematic Transfer Plan C. Systematic Withdrawal Plan D. Switching Option E. NAV Appreciation Facility F. Mobile Facility G. IDCW Transfer Plan H. Motilal Oswal Value Index I. Motilal Oswal Fixed Amount Benefits J. Online Facility K. Application through MF utility platform L. Transaction through Stock Exchange M. Transaction through electronic mode N. Through MFSS and/or NMF II facility of NSE and BSE StAR MF facility of BSE O. Through mobile application of Kfin i.e. 'KFINTRACK' P. MF Central as Official Point of Acceptance of Transactions (OPAT)
XXIV.	Web link	<p>https://www.motilalosalwalmf.com/download/factsheets https://www.motilalosalwalmf.com/total-expense-ratio</p>

DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

- (i) The Scheme Information Document submitted to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- (ii) All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- (iii) The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the Scheme.
- (iv) The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.
- (v) The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields etc. have been checked and are factually correct
- (vi) A confirmation that the AMC has complied with the compliance checklist applicable for Scheme Information Documents and other than cited deviations/ that there are no deviations from the regulations
- (vii) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.
- (viii) The Trustees have ensured that the Motilal Oswal Multi Asset Fund approved by them is a new product offered by Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme/fund/product.

**Motilal Oswal Asset Management Company Limited
(Investment Manager of Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund)**

SD/-

**Name: Aparna Karmase
Designation: Head - Compliance, Legal & Secretarial**

Date: June 26, 2024

Place: Mumbai

PART II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS

The asset allocation pattern of the Scheme would be as follows:

Instruments	Indicative Allocations	
	Minimum	Maximum
Equity, Equity related instruments and International Equity Index Funds/Equity ETFs/ International Stocks	35	80
Debt, Money Market Instruments (includes Perpetual Debt @, Non - Convertible Preference Shares^)	10	55
Gold ETFs and Silver ETFs	10	55
Units issued by REITs and InvITs	0	10

@ Perpetual Debt capped at maximum 10%

^ Non-Convertible Preference Shares capped at maximum 10%.

As per part IV of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, Foreign Securities will not be treated as a separate asset class and accordingly International Equity Index Funds/Equity ETFs have been included in Equity and Equity related instruments. The scheme intends to invest in International Equity Index Funds/Equity ETFs upto 20% of net assets.

The Scheme will not invest in debt instruments having Structured Obligations / Credit Enhancements.

The cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt, derivative positions, International Equity Index Funds/Equity ETFs/ International Stocks, repo transactions, Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs), Infrastructure Investment Trusts (InvITs), other permitted securities/assets and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by the Board from time to time will not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme, subject to approval if any.

The Scheme shall not invest in Credit Default Swaps (CDS). The Scheme shall not undertake short selling.

The Scheme shall invest in Equity and Equity related instruments, International Equity Index Funds/Equity ETFs, Debt and Money Markets Instruments, Gold ETFs and Silver ETFs and REIT and INVIT as per the investment objective of the scheme.

The scheme will comply with the provisions clause 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023 within the overall applicable limits on Overseas Investments by Mutual Funds as may be amended from time to time.

Change in Asset Allocation Pattern

Subject to the Regulations and clause 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023; the asset allocation pattern indicated above for the Scheme may change from time to time. In the event of deviation from the mandated asset allocation of the Scheme mentioned in the SID due to passive breaches (occurrence of instances not arising out of omission and commission of AMC), then the AMC shall rebalance the portfolio within a period of 30 business days. Where the portfolio is not rebalanced within 30 business days, justification writing, including details taken to rebalance the portfolio shall be placed before the Investment Committee. The Investment Committee, if so desires, can extend the timelines up to sixty (60) business days from the date of completion of mandated rebalancing period.

In case, the portfolio of scheme is not rebalanced within the aforementioned mandated plus extended timelines, AMCs shall:

- i. not be permitted to launch any new scheme till the time the portfolio is rebalanced.
- ii. not to levy exit load, if any, on the investors exiting such scheme(s).

Rebalancing due to Short Term Defensive Consideration:

Subject to the Regulations, the asset allocation pattern indicated above may change from time to time, keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations, legislative amendments and political and economic factors. It must be clearly understood that the percentages stated above are only indicative and not absolute. These proportions can vary depending upon the perception of the fund manager; the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. In accordance with clause 1.14.1.2 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI /HO/IMD/ IMD-PoD-1 / P/ CIR / 2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, such changes in the investment pattern will be for short term on defensive considerations only and the fund manager will rebalance the portfolio within 30 calendar days from the date of deviation.

The exposure to multi cap stocks which are classified as such by Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) or Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) from time to time, in terms of clause 2.7.2 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI /HO/IMD/ IMD-PoD-1 / P/ CIR / 2023/74 dated May 19, 2023 and as per clause 2.7.3, this list would be uploaded on AMFI website and updated every six months; accordingly, the fund manager will rebalance the portfolio of the Scheme within the stipulated period (at present 1 month).

Indicative Table (Actual instrument/percentages may vary subject to applicable SEBI circulars)

Sl. no	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular references*
1.	Securities Lending	The Scheme shall adhere to the following limits while engaging in Stock Lending. <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Not more than 20% of the net assets of the Scheme can be deployed in Stock Lending.● Not more than 5% of the net assets of the Scheme can be deployed in Stock Lending to any single approved intermediary.	Subject to clause 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI /HO/IMD/ IMD-PoD-1 / P/ CIR / 2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, as may be amended from time to time, the Scheme intends to engage in Stock Lending.
2.	Equity/Debt Derivatives for non-	Exposure by the Scheme in equity derivative instruments shall not exceed 50%	SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulation 1996

	hedging purposes	of total equity portfolio and exposure to debt derivative instruments shall not exceed 50% of the total debt portfolio of the scheme. Exposure in equity derivative instruments will be applicable for both hedging and non-hedging purpose.	
3.	Overseas Securities	<p>The Scheme may invest in foreign securities including International Equity Index Funds/Equity ETFs have been included in Equity and Equity related instruments/ Foreign equity and equity related instruments upto 20% of the total net assets of the Scheme. However, the scheme will not invest in foreign debt securities including foreign securitized debt.</p> <p>The Fund is permitted to invest USD 1 billion. However, the overall limit for the Mutual Fund Industry is USD 7 billion. Further, the overall ceiling for investment in overseas Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) that invests in securities is USD 1 billion subject to a maximum of USD 300 million per mutual fund.</p> <p>During the NFO, the intended amount for investment in overseas ETFs is US \$ 0.5 Million and in overseas securities is US \$ 0.5 Million. The said limits shall be valid for a period of six months from the date of closure of NFO. Thereafter the unutilized limit, if any, shall not be available to the Mutual Fund for investment in Overseas ETFs and shall be available towards the unutilized industry wide limits. The said limit will be considered as the soft limit for the purpose of the above circular.</p>	As per the SEBI (MF) Regulation and in terms of clause 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI /HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1 / P/ CIR / 2023/74 dated May 19, 2023 and such other regulations issued from time to time.
4.	ReITS and InVITS	<p>The mutual fund under all its schemes shall not own more than 10% of units issued by a single issuer of REIT and InvIT.</p> <p>The Schemes shall not invest:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> more than 10% of its NAV in the units of REIT and InvIT; and more than 5% of its NAV in the units of REIT and InvIT issued by a single issuer. 	The Scheme may invest in units of REITs/InvITs to the extent mentioned in asset allocation and in line with, SEBI (Mutual Funds) (Amendment) Regulations, 2017.
5.	Short selling	The Scheme will not invest in Short selling.	-
6.	Securitized Debt	The scheme will not invest in Securitized Debt	-

7.	Repo in corporate debt and corporate reverse repo	The Scheme shall not invest in repo in corporate debt and corporate reverse repo.	-
8.	Credit Default Swaps (CDS)	The Scheme shall not invest in Credit Default Swaps.	-
9.	Debt instrument. Including debt instruments having Structured Obligations / Credit Enhancements	The Scheme shall not invest in unrated debt instrument.	
10.	AT1 and AT2 Bonds	The Scheme shall not invest in AT1 and AT2 Bonds	
11.	The scheme will not invest in securities covered under Clause 9.4 and 12.2 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023.		

B. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST

The corpus of the Scheme will be invested primarily in Equity and Equity Related Securities. The Scheme may invest its corpus in units of Liquid Schemes, REITs, InvITs, Foreign Securities including units of overseas mutual fund schemes / Overseas ETFs and Money Market Instruments, G-Sec, Bonds, Cash and cash equivalents etc.

Subject to the Regulations and other prevailing Laws as applicable, the corpus of the Scheme can be invested in any (but not exclusively) of the following Securities:

- Equity and Equity related instruments including derivatives and International Equity Index Funds/Equity ETFs/International Stocks.
- Debt securities and Money Market Instruments (including reverse repos, Commercial Deposit, Commercial Paper, Treasury Bills, TREPS, Perpetual Debt and Nonconvertible Preference Shares permitted by SEBI/RBI or in alternative investment for the call money market as may be provided by RBI to meet the liquidity requirements.
- Derivative including Index Futures, Stock Futures, Index Options and Stock Options etc. and such other derivatives instruments permitted under Regulations.
- Mutual Fund units
- Pending deployment of funds as per the investment objective of the Scheme, the funds may be parked in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks, subject to guidelines and limits specified by SEBI.
- Any other instruments as may be permitted by RBI/SEBI under prevailing laws from time to time.
- Gold Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) and and Silver ETFs
- REIT and INVIT
- The Scheme may invest in other schemes managed by the AMC or in the schemes of any other mutual funds, provided it is in conformity with the investment objectives of the Scheme and in terms of the prevailing SEBI (MF) Regulations. As per the SEBI (MF) Regulations, no investment management fees will be charged for such investments and the aggregate inter scheme investment made by all the schemes of MOMF or in the schemes of other mutual funds shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the MOMF.

The investment restrictions and the limits are specified in the Schedule VII of SEBI Regulations which is mentioned in the section 'Investment Restrictions'.

The Securities mentioned above could be listed, unlisted, privately placed, secured, unsecured, rated or unrated and of any maturity. The Securities may be acquired through initial public offerings, secondary market operations, and private placement, rights offers or negotiated transactions. The scheme may invest the funds of the scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks as permitted under extant regulations as per clause 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023. As per the stated Regulations, Mutual Funds shall not park more than 15% of their net assets in short term deposits of all scheduled commercial banks put together. This limit however may be raised to 20% with prior approval of the Trustees. Also, parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of the total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.

For detailed derivatives strategies, please refer SAI.

For description of the instruments, please refer section II (A)

C. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT STRATEGIES

The Fund shall follow an active investment style using bottom-up stock picking based on the 'Buy Right: Sit Tight' investment philosophy.

The fund shall follow an active investment style using bottom-up stock picking. The fund manager shall identify and invest in shares of businesses run by quality management & having sustainable and scalable business model. The fund's investment framework will be guided by our Investment philosophy of QGLP. QGLP Investment philosophy comprises of four parameters of Quality, Growth, Longevity & Price. In Quality parameter we look at quality of management leadership, growth prospects of Industry, return on equity (ROE) among other things. In growth parameter we consider EPS growth expectations, revenue growth expectations, large and growing addressable market and growth in market share, product mix. Longevity factor is assessment of longevity of industry, business and product over longer time frame. Price parameter considers reasonability of pricing assessed on Price to Earnings Growth (PEG). Price to Book, Price to Equity, Price to Revenue, DFC, replacement value, payback ratio as applicable to different sectors and companies.

International Equity: Investments could be in International Equity ETF and Stocks based on assessment of attractiveness of investment opportunity.

Debt Investment: The Fund shall invest in various types of permitted Debt Instruments including Government Securities, Corporate Debt, Other debt instruments and Money Market Instruments of various maturities and ratings with the objective of providing liquidity and achieving optimal returns. The fund may also invest in perpetual debt and non-convertible preference shares within the limits specified based on relative attractiveness of interest rate carry opportunity available from time to time.

REIT & INVIT Investment: The fund may invest in REIT/INVIT within the limits specified based on interest rate carry opportunity available from time to time relative to other interest rate bearing investment options for optimal returns.

Arbitrage and Derivative Strategies: The Fund shall undertake Cash/Futures Arbitrage to take advantage of the volatile situation in the market. The Fund may use Derivative including Index Futures, Stock Futures, Index Options and Stock Options etc.

Commodity: Investment in commodity will be made through commodity ETF.

Asset Allocation Strategy: The Asset Allocation shall be managed within the specified range for different asset classes as specified in the Scheme Information Document. This is debt oriented scheme and hence a predominant component of portfolio will be invested in debt securities. The scheme will also seek to manage the minimum specified allocation for different asset classes per Scheme Information Document. This mandated minimum allocation to different asset classes adds up to 60% of the portfolio. Balance 40% of the portfolio will be suitably allocated across asset classes based on assessment of relative risk return proposition of different asset classes. This will depend upon macro factors, interest rates, equity valuations, volatility and other factors.

Securities Lending

Securities Lending is lending of securities through an approved intermediary to a borrower under an agreement for a specified period with the condition that the borrower will return equivalent securities of the same type or class at the end of the specified period along with the corporate benefits accruing on the securities borrowed.

The Scheme may lend securities from its portfolio in accordance with the Regulations. The AMC/Fund shall also adhere to guidelines issued under Securities Lending Scheme, 1997. Securities' lending shall enable the Scheme to earn income that may partially offset its expenses and thereby reduce the effect these expenses have on the Scheme's ability to provide investment returns. The Scheme will pay reasonable administrative and custodial fees in connection with the lending of securities. The Scheme may be exposed to the risk of loss should a borrower default on its obligation to return the borrowed securities. The Scheme share of income from the lending collateral will be included in the Scheme's gross income. The Fund will comply with the conditions for securities lending specified by SEBI Regulations and circulars. The Scheme may engage in securities lending upto 20% of total Net Assets of the Scheme and would limit its maximum single party exposure to the extent of 5% of the total net assets at the time of lending.

Portfolio Turnover

Portfolio Turnover is defined as the lower of sales or purchase divided by the average corpus during a specified period of time. The Scheme, being an open ended Scheme, it is expected that there would be a number of subscriptions and redemptions on a daily basis. However, it is difficult to measure with reasonable accuracy the likely turnover in the portfolio of the Scheme.

D. HOW WILL THE SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

The performance of the Scheme will be benchmarked against a customized composite benchmark comprising 35% Nifty 500 TRI + 50% CRISIL Short Term Bond Index + 13% Domestic Price of Gold + 2% Domestic Price of Silver
The Composition of the benchmark would be:

Asset Class/Instruments	Benchmark	Percentage
Equity and Equity Related Instruments	Nifty 500 TRI	35%
Debt and Money Market Instruments	Crisil Short Term bond Index	50%
Gold Exchange Traded Funds	Domestic Price of Gold	13%
Silver Exchange Traded Funds	Domestic Price of Silver	2%

As the Scheme intends to invest in a basket of equity, international equity, Debt and Money Market Instruments and Gold ETFs & Silver ETFs and REIT a customized benchmark has been created to compare its performance.

The Trustee reserves the right to change the benchmark for evaluation of performance of the Scheme from time to time in conformity with investment objective of the Scheme and appropriateness of the benchmark subject to SEBI Regulations and other prevailing guidelines, if any. Total Return variant of the index (TRI) will be used for performance comparison.

The above benchmark is in accordance with clause 1.9 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI /HO/IMD/ IMD-PoD-1 / P/ CIR / 2023/74 dated May 19, 2023 on ‘Guiding Principles for bringing uniformity in Benchmarks of Mutual Fund Schemes’ and the list published by AMFI in this regard on Tier 1 benchmark for equity schemes.

E. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?

Name and Designation of the fund manager	Age and Qualification	Other schemes managed by the fund manager and tenure of managing the schemes	Experience
Santosh Singh Managing fund since January 01, 2022	Age: 45 years Qualification: CA from ICAI and CFA from CFA Institute	Motilal Oswal Focused Fund, Motilal Oswal Balanced Advantage Fund, Motilal Oswal Multi Asset Fund, Motilal Oswal Large Cap Fund, Motilal Oswal Multicap Fund	Mr. Singh has an overall experience of over 16 years. Mr. Singh was associated with Haitong International Securities Ltd. as Head of Research and Lead Analyst from 2015 to 2018 (years), where he was responsible for Research product and overall Research strategy. He was also associated with SG Asia Holdings as analyst from 2014 to 2015 years and also with Espirito Santo Securities as Lead analyst from 2007 to 2014 and so on. Mr. Singh was ranked No.1 analyst in India in the Asia money polls for insurance sector continuously for three years from 2015 to 2017.
Rakesh Shetty Fund Manager – Debt Components Managing fund since November 22, 2022	Age: 43 years Qualification: Bachelors of Commerce (B.Com)	Fund Manager – Motilal Oswal Liquid Fund, Motilal Oswal Ultra Short Term Fund, Motilal Oswal Gold and Silver ETFs Fund of Funds, Motilal Oswal Nifty 5 year benchmark G-Sec ETF, Motilal Oswal 5 Year G-Sec Fund of Fund.	He has more than 15 years of overall experience and expertise in trading in equity, debt segment, Exchange Trade Fund’s management, Corporate Treasury and Banking. Prior to joining Motilal Oswal Asset Management Company Limited, he has worked with Company engaged in Capital Market Business wherein he was in charge of equity and debt ETFs,

		<p>Fund Manager – Debt Component: Motilal Oswal Large and Midcap Fund, Motilal Oswal Midcap Fund, Motilal Oswal Focused Fund, Motilal Oswal ELSS Tax Saver Fund, Motilal Oswal Balanced Advantage Fund, Motilal Oswal Multi Asset Fund, Motilal Oswal Flexi Cap Fund, Motilal Oswal Small Cap Fund, Motilal Oswal Large Cap Fund, Motilal Oswal S&P 500 Index Fund, Motilal Oswal Asset Allocation Fund of Fund-Aggressive, Motilal Oswal Asset Allocation Fund of Fund-Conservative, Motilal Oswal Nasdaq 100 Fund of Fund, Motilal Oswal Nasdaq Q50 ETF, Motilal Oswal Nifty 200 Momentum 30 Index Fund, Motilal Oswal Nifty 200 Momentum 30 ETF, Motilal Oswal BSE Low Volatility ETF, Motilal Oswal BSE Low Volatility Index Fund, Motilal Oswal BSE Healthcare ETF, Motilal Oswal BSE Financials ex Bank 30 Index Fund, Motilal Oswal BSE Enhanced Value Index Fund, Motilal Oswal</p>	<p>customized indices and has also been part of product development</p>
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		BSE Enhanced Value ETF, Motilal Oswal BSE Quality Index Fund, Motilal Oswal BSE Quality ETF, Motilal Oswal Developed Market Ex US ETFs Fund of Funds, Motilal Oswal Nifty 500 ETF, Motilal Oswal Nifty Realty ETF, Motilal Oswal Nifty Smallcap 250 ETF, Motilal Oswal Multicap Fund, Motilal Oswal Nifty India Defence Index Fund	
<p>Mr. Ankush Sood</p> <p>Fund Manager – Foreign Securities</p> <p>Managing fund since August 25, 2021</p>	<p>Age: 27 Years</p> <p>Qualification: B. Tech in Electronics & Telecommunications from MPSTME, NMIMS Mumbai.</p> <p>MBA (Tech) with Major in Finance & Minor in Analytics from SBM, NMIMS Mumbai.</p>	<p>Motilal Oswal Large and Midcap Fund, Motilal Oswal Midcap Fund, Motilal Oswal Focused Fund, Motilal Oswal Balanced Advantage Fund, Motilal Oswal Multi Asset Fund, Motilal Oswal Flexi Cap Fund, Motilal Oswal Small Cap Fund, Motilal Oswal Large Cap Fund, Motilal Oswal S&P 500 Index Fund, Motilal Oswal Nasdaq 100 ETF, Motilal Oswal Nasdaq Q50 ETF, Motilal Oswal Developed Market Ex US ETFs Fund of Funds, Motilal Oswal Multicap Fund</p>	<p>Mr. Ankush Sood has prior experience prominently in Institutional Sales Trading Function.</p> <p>He has been associated with Motilal Oswal Financial Services Limited wherein he was primarily responsible for Servicing Domestic & Foreign Institutional Clients.</p>

F. HOW IS THE SCHEME DIFFERENT FROM EXISTING SCHEMES OF THE MUTUAL FUND?

For detailed comparative table please refer link <https://www.motilaloswalmf.com/download/sid-related-documents>

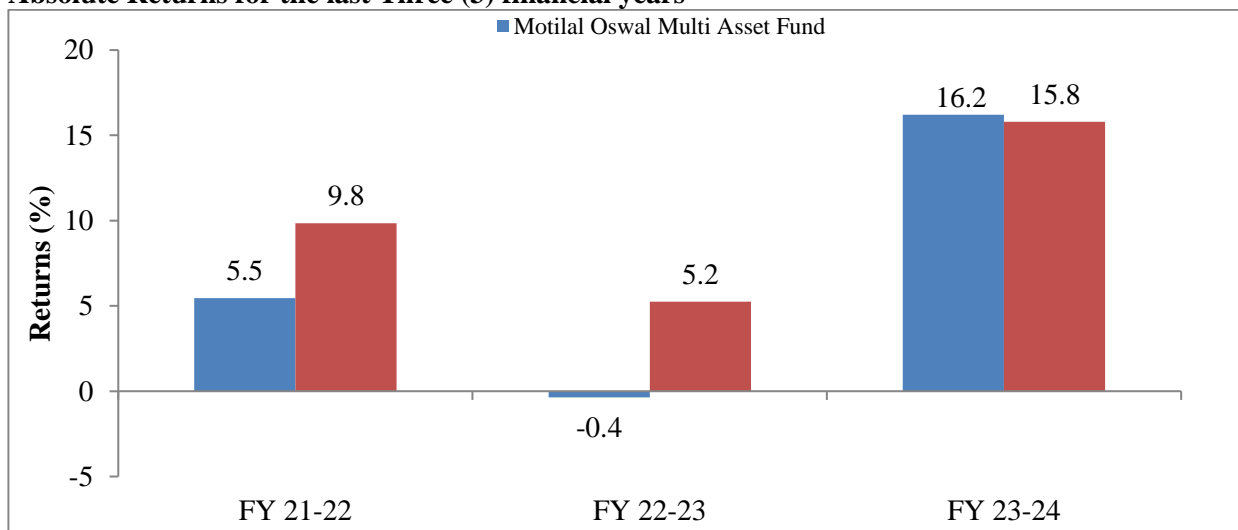
The Trustees have ensured that the Scheme is a new product offered by Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of its existing Scheme.

G. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED

The Performance of the Scheme as on March 31, 2024 is as follows:

Compounded Annualised Returns	Scheme Returns (%)	Benchmark Returns (%)
	Motilal Oswal Multi Asset Fund	20% Nifty 50 TRI + 65 % Crisil Short Term Bond Index + 13% Domestic Price of Gold + 2% Domestic Price of Silver
Returns for the last 1 year	13.22	14.72
Returns for the last 3 year	6.54	10.04
Returns since inception	6.57	11.76

Absolute Returns for the last Three (3) financial years



H. ADDITIONAL SCHEME RELATED DISCLOSURES

1. TOP 10 HOLDINGS OF THE SCHEME:

Please find below link to access the Top 10 holdings of the scheme <https://www.motilaloswalmf.com/download/factsheets>

2. DISCLOSURE OF NAME AND EXPOSURE TO TOP 7 ISSUERS, STOCKS, GROUPS AND SECTORS AS A PERCENTAGE OF NAV OF THE SCHEME IN CASE OF DEBT AND EQUITY ETFS/INDEX FUNDS THROUGH A FUNCTIONAL WEBSITE LINK THAT CONTAINS DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The Scheme is an active scheme and hence the same is not applicable.

3. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATE:

The Portfolio Turnover Ratio of the Scheme as on May 31, 2024 is **0.16**.

4. FUNCTIONAL WEBSITE LINK FOR PORTFOLIO DISCLOSURE:

Please find below link to access the portfolio disclosure of the scheme <https://www.motilaloswalmf.com/download/month-end-portfolio>

5. AGGREGATE INVESTMENT IN THE SCHEME BY CONCERNED FUND MANAGER:

The aggregate investment in the Scheme by the following person as on May 31, 2024 is as follows:

Sr. No.	Category of Persons	Net Value		Market Value (in Rs.)
		Units	NAV per unit	
1.	Mr. Santosh Singh	59925.542	13.415	803901.150
2.	Mr.Rakesh Shetty	180.710	13.415	2424.220
3.	Mr. Ankush Sood	283.576	13.415	3804.170

The above data includes units invested in the Scheme as per the SEBI Circular on Alignment of interest of Key Employees of Asset Management Companies (AMCs) with the Unitholders of the Mutual Fund Schemes dated April 28, 2021.

6. INVESTMENTS OF AMC IN THE SCHEME –

In accordance with Regulation 28(4) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) (Amendment) Regulations, 2014 the Sponsor or AMC has invested a portion of its assets into the Scheme as seed capital to the extent mandated and such seed capital will not be redeemed or withdrawn by the AMC until the winding up of the Scheme.

In addition to investments as mandated under Regulation 28(4) of the Regulations as mentioned above, the AMC may invest in the Scheme during the continuous offer period subject to the SEBI (MF) Regulations. The AMC shall not charge investment management fees on investment by the AMC in the Scheme.

For the details pertaining to the said investment visit

<https://www.motilaloswalmf.com/download/regulatory-updates>

PART III- OTHER DETAILS

A. COMPUTATION OF NAV

The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit under the Scheme will be computed by dividing the net assets of the Scheme by the number of units outstanding on the valuation day. The Mutual Fund will value its investments according to the valuation norms, as specified in Schedule VIII of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, or such norms as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.

The Net Asset Value (NAV) of the units under the Scheme shall be calculated as follows:

$$\text{NAV (Rs.)} = \text{Market or Fair Value of Scheme's investments} + \text{Receivables} + \text{Accrued Income} + \text{Other Assets} - \text{Accrued Expenses} - \text{Payables} - \text{Other Liabilities}$$

No. of Units outstanding under Scheme on the Valuation Day

The NAV will be calculated up to four decimals.

The NAV shall be calculated and announced on each working day. The computation of NAV shall be in conformity with SEBI Regulations and guidelines as prescribed from time to time.

ILLUSTRATION OF NAV:

If the net assets of the Scheme, after considering applicable expenses, are Rs.10,45,34,345.34 and units outstanding are 10,00,000, then the NAV per unit will be computed as follows:

$$10,45,34,345.34 / 10,00,000 = \text{Rs. } 10.4534 \text{ per unit (rounded off to four decimals)}$$

Repurchase/ Resale is at Net Asset Value (NAV) related prices with repurchase/ resale loads as applicable (within limits) as specified under SEBI Regulations 1996, While determining the price of the units, the fund will ensure that the repurchase price is not lower than 95 per cent of the Net Asset Value.

B. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like sales and distribution fees paid, marketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationary, bank charges etc. The entire NFO expenses were borne by the AMC.

C. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the Scheme. These expenses include but are not limited to Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer agents' fees & expenses, marketing and selling costs etc.

The AMC has estimated that upto 2.00% of the daily average net assets of the scheme will be charged to the scheme as expenses as permitted under Regulation 52 of SEBI (MF) Regulations. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the Fund.

Particulars	% p.a. of daily Net Assets
Investment Management and Advisory Fees	Upto 2.00%
Trustee fee	
Audit fees	
Custodian fees	
Registrar & Transfer Agent Fees	
Marketing & Selling expense including agents' commission	
Cost related to investor communications	
Cost of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost toward investor and Education fund	
Brokerage and transaction cost pertaining to distribution of unit	
Cost of providing account statements and IDCW/ redemption cheques and warrants	
Costs of statutory Advertisements	
Cost towards investor education & awareness (at least 1 bps)	
Brokerage & transaction cost over and above 12 bps and 5 bps for cash and derivative market trades respectively	
Goods and Service Tax (GST) on expenses other than investment management and advisory fees	
GST on brokerage and transaction cost	
Other Expenses*	
Maximum total expense ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52 (6) (c)	Upto 2.00%
Additional expenses under regulation 52 (6A) (c)	Upto 0.05%
Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities under Regulation 52 (6A)(b)#	Upto 0.30%

*Any other expenses which are directly attributable to the Scheme, may be charged with approval of the Trustee within the overall limits as specified in the Regulations except those expenses which are specifically prohibited.

#Additional TER will be charged based on inflows only from retail investors (other than Corporates and Institutions) from B 30 cities.

As per clause 10.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, it has been decided that inflows of amount upto Rs. 2,00,000/- per transaction, by the individual investors shall be considered as inflows from retail investors.

All scheme related expenses including commission paid to distributors, by whatever name it may be called and in whatever manner it may be paid, shall necessarily be paid from the scheme only within the regulatory limits and not from the books of the Asset Management Companies (AMC), its associate, sponsor, trustee or any other entity through any route. Provided that the expenses that are very small in value but high in volume may be paid out of AMC's books. Such expenses can be paid out of AMC's books at actuals or not exceeding 2 bps of respective scheme AUM, whichever is lower.

However, the upfront trail commission shall be paid from AMC's books for inflows through SIPs from

new investors as per the applicable regulations. The said commission shall be amortized on daily basis to the scheme over the period for which the payment has been made. A complete audit trail of upfronting of trail commissions from the AMC's books and amortization of the same to scheme(s) thereafter shall be made available for inspection. The said commission should be charged to the scheme as 'commissions' and should also account for computing the TER differential between regular and direct plans in each scheme.

The recurring expenses of the Scheme (excluding additional expenses under regulation 52(6A)(c) and additional distribution expenses for gross inflows from specified cities), as per SEBI Regulations are as follows:

First Rs.500 crore	Next Rs.250 crore	Next Rs.1,250 crore	Next Rs.3,000 crore	Next Rs.5,000 crore	Next Rs.40,000 crore	on the balance of the assets
2.00%	1.75%	1.50%	1.35%	1.25%	Total expense ratio reduction of 0.05% for every increase of Rs.5,000 crores of daily net assets or part thereof.	0.80%

The expenses towards Investment Management and Advisory Fees under Regulation 52 (2) and the various sub-heads of recurring expenses mentioned under Regulation 52 (4) of SEBI (MF) Regulations are fungible in nature. Thus, there shall be no internal sub-limits within the expense ratio for expense heads mentioned under Regulation 52 (2) and (4) respectively. Further, the additional expenses under Regulation 52(6A)(c) shall also be incurred towards any of these expense heads.

All fees and expenses charged in a direct plan (in percentage terms) under various heads including the investment and advisory fee shall not exceed the fees and expenses charged under such heads in a regular plan. The TER of the Direct Plan will be lower to the extent of the distribution expenses/commission which is charged in the Regular Plan and no commission for distribution of Units will be paid / charged under the Direct Plan. Accordingly, the NAV of the Direct Plan would be different from NAV of Regular Plan.

In addition to expenses under Regulation 52(6) and (6A), AMC may charge GST on investment and advisory fees, expenses other than investment and advisory fees and brokerage and transaction cost as below:

1. GST on investment and advisory fees charged to the scheme will be in addition to the maximum limit of TER as prescribed in regulation 52 (6) of the SEBI Regulations.
2. GST on expenses other than investment and advisory fees, if any, shall be borne by the scheme within the maximum limit of TER as per regulation 52 of the SEBI Regulations.
3. GST on exit load, if any, will be paid out of the exit load proceeds and exit load net of GST, if any, shall be credited to the scheme.
4. GST on brokerage and transaction cost paid for execution of trade, if any, shall be within the limit prescribed under regulation 52 of the SEBI Regulations.

In accordance with Regulation 52(6A), the following expenses can be charged in addition to the existing total recurring expenses charged under Regulation 52(6):

Brokerage and transaction costs which are incurred for the purpose of execution of trade shall be charged to the Scheme, not exceeding 0.12 % in case of cash market transactions and 0.05 % in case of derivatives transactions;

Any payment towards brokerage and transaction costs, over and above the said 12 bps and 5 bps for cash market and derivatives transactions respectively, shall be charged to the Scheme within the total recurring expenses limit specified under Regulation 52 of SEBI Regulations. Any expenditure in excess of the said limit will be borne by the AMC/Trustees/Sponsors.

In addition to the limits as specified in Regulation 52(6) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996 or the Total Recurring Expenses (Total Expense Limit) as specified above, the following costs or expenses may be charged to the scheme:

Additional TER can be charged up to 30 basis points on daily net assets of the scheme as per regulation 52 of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 (hereinafter referred to as Regulations), if the new inflows from beyond top 30 cities are at least (a) 30% of gross new inflows in the scheme or (b) 15% of the average assets under management (year to date) of the scheme, whichever is higher Provided that expenses charged under this clause shall be utilised for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from such cities

In case inflows from beyond top 30 cities is less than the higher of (a) or (b) above, additional TER on daily net assets of the scheme shall be charged as follows:

$$\frac{\text{Daily net assets} \times 30 \text{ basis points} \times \text{New inflows from beyond top 30 cities}}{365 \times \text{Higher of (a) or (b) above}}$$

* 366, wherever applicable.

The top 30 cities shall mean top 30 cities based on Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) data on 'AUM by Geography – Consolidated Data for Mutual Fund Industry' as at the end of the previous financial year.

The additional TER on account of inflows from beyond top 30 cities so charged shall be clawed back in case the same is redeemed within a period of 1 year from the date of investment.

Mutual funds/AMCs shall make complete disclosures in the half yearly report of Trustees to SEBI regarding the efforts undertaken by them to increase geographical penetration of mutual funds and the details of opening of new branches, especially at locations beyond top 30 cities.

As per AMFI letter no. 35P/ MEM-COR/ 85-a/ 2022-23 dated March 02, 2023 on B-30 Incentive Mechanism, AMC has been advised to keep the B-30 incentive structure in abeyance with effect from March 01, 2023 till any further guidelines regarding necessary safeguards are issued by SEBI. However, AMC will continue to accrue expenses in the mutual fund schemes under Regulation 52 (6A) (b) and make the payment of B-30 incentive in respect of new inflows received from B-30 locations prior to March 01, 2023.

The Mutual Fund would update the current expense ratios on the website (www.motilaloswalmf.com) atleast three working days prior to the effective date of the change. Investors can refer to "Total Expense Ratio" section on <https://www.motilaloswalmf.com/downloads/mutual->

[fund/totalexpenseratio](#) for Total Expense Ratio (TER) details.

Illustration of impact of expense ratio on returns of the Scheme

	Regular Plan	Direct Plan
Net asset before expenses	11,000	11,000
Expenses other than Distribution Expenses _0.15%	16.5	16.5
Distribution Expenses 0.50%	55	
Returns after Expenses at the end of the Year	10,929	10,984
Returns on invested amount after expenses (Rs)	929	984
% Returns after Expenses at the end of the Year	9.29%	9.84%

- The purpose of the above illustration is purely to explain the impact of expense ratio charged to the Scheme and should not be construed as providing any kind of investment advice or guarantee of returns on investments.
- It is assumed that the expenses charged are evenly distributed throughout the year. The expenses of the Direct Plan under the Scheme may vary with that of the Regular Plan under the Scheme.
- Calculations are based on assumed NAVs, and actual returns on your investment may be more, or less.

Any tax impact has not been considered in the above example, in view of the individual nature of the tax implications. Each investor is advised to consult his or her own financial advisor

D. LOAD STRUCTURE

Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to subscribe to the units or to redeem the units from the Scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, please refer to the website of the AMC www.motilaloswalmf.com or may call at toll free no. +91 8108622222 and +91 22 40548002 or your distributor.

Type of Load	Load chargeable (as %age of NAV)
Entry	NIL
Exit	1%- If redeemed on or before 15 days from the date of allotment. Nil- If redeemed after 15 days from the date of allotment

The investor is requested to check the prevailing load structure of the Scheme before investing.

Repurchase/ Resale is at Net Asset Value (NAV) related prices with repurchase/ resale loads as applicable (within limits) as specified under SEBI Regulations 1996, While determining the price of the units, the fund will ensure that the repurchase price is not lower than 95 per cent of the Net Asset Value.

Any imposition or enhancement in the load structure shall apply on a prospective basis and in no case the same would affect the existing investors adversely. Bonus units and units issued on reinvestment of IDCWs shall not be subject to entry and exit load.

Under the Scheme, the AMC reserves the right to modify/alter the load structure if it so deems fit in the interest of smooth and efficient functioning of the scheme, subject to maximum limits as prescribed under the SEBI Regulations. The load may also be changed from time to time and in case of exit/redemption, load may be linked to the period of holding.

For any change in the load structure, the AMC would undertake the following steps:

1. The addendum detailing the changes will be attached to SID and Key Information Memorandum (KIM). The addendum will be circulated to all the distributors so that the same can be attached to all SID and KIM already in stock.
2. Arrangements shall be made to display the changes/modifications in the SID in the form of a notice in all Investor Service Centres and distributors/brokers offices.
3. The introduction of the exit load along with the details shall be stamped in the acknowledgement slip issued to the investors on submission of the application form and may also be disclosed in the statement of accounts issued after the introduction of such load.
4. The Fund shall display an Addendum in respect of such changes on its website (www.motilaloswalmf.com).
5. The Fund shall display the addendum any other measure that the Mutual Fund shall consider necessary.

Any other measure that the Mutual Fund shall consider necessary.

SECTION II

I. INTRODUCTION

A. DEFINITIONS/INTERPRETATION

For detailed description please refer <https://www.motilaloswalmf.com/download/sid-related-documents>

B. RISK FACTORS

Standard Risk Factors:

- Investment in Mutual Fund units involves investment risks such as trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal.
- As the price / value / interest rate of the securities in which the Scheme invests fluctuates, the value of your investment in the Scheme may go up or down depending on various factors and forces affecting the capital market/debt market.
- Past performance of the Sponsor/AMC/Mutual Fund does not guarantee future performance of the Scheme.
- Motilal Oswal Multi Asset Fund is the name of the Scheme does not in any manner indicate either the quality of the Scheme or its future prospects and returns.
- The Sponsor is not responsible or liable for any loss resulting from the operation of the Scheme beyond the initial contribution of Rs. 100,000 made by it towards setting up the Fund.
- The present Scheme is not a guaranteed or assured return Scheme.
- The NAV of the Scheme can go up or down depending on the factors and forces affecting the securities markets.
- Changes in Government policy in general and changes in tax benefits applicable to mutual funds may impact the returns to Investors in the Scheme.
- Investors in the Scheme are not being offered any guaranteed/indicated returns.

Scheme Specific Risk Factors: The Scheme is subject to the principal risks described below. Some or all of these risks may adversely affect Scheme's NAV, yield, return and/or its ability to meet its objectives.

- **Risks associated with investing in Equity and Equity related securities**

- a. Equity and Equity related instruments on account of its volatile nature are subject to price fluctuations on daily basis. The volatility in the value of the equity and equity related instruments is due to various micro and macro-economic factors affecting the securities markets. This may have adverse impact on individual securities/sector and consequently on the NAV of Scheme. The inability of the Scheme to make intended securities purchases due to settlement problems could cause the Scheme to miss certain investment opportunities as in certain cases, settlement periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. Similarly, the inability to sell securities held in the Scheme portfolio may result, at times, in potential losses to the Scheme, should there be a subsequently decline in the value of the securities held in the Schemes portfolio. Also, the value of the Scheme's investments may be affected by interest rates, currency exchange rates, and change in laws/policies of the government, taxation laws and political, economic or other developments which may have an adverse bearing on individual securities, a specific sector or all sectors.
- b. The Scheme may find itself invested in unlisted securities either by choice or due to external events or corporate actions. This may increase the risk of the portfolio as these unlisted securities are inherently illiquid in nature and carry larger liquidity risk as compared to the listed securities or those that offer other exit options to the investors.

- **Market Risk**

The Scheme's NAV will react to stock market movements. The value of investments in the scheme may go down over a short or long period due to fluctuations in Scheme's NAV in response to factors such as performance of companies whose stock comprises the underlying portfolio, economic and political developments, changes in government policies, changes in interest rates, inflation and other monetary factors causing movement in prices of underlying investments.

- **Right to Limit Redemptions**

The Trustee, in the general interest of the unit holders of the Scheme offered under this SID and keeping in view of the unforeseen circumstances/unusual market conditions, may limit the total number of Units which can be redeemed on any Business Day subject to the guidelines/circulars issued by the Regulatory Authorities from time to time.

- **Risk Factors relating to Portfolio Rebalancing**

In the event that the asset allocation of the Scheme deviates from the ranges as provided in the asset allocation table in this SID, then the Fund Manager will rebalance the portfolio of the Scheme to the position indicated in the asset allocation table. However, if market conditions do not permit the Fund Manager to rebalance the portfolio of the Scheme then the AMC would notify the Board of the Trustee Company and the Investment Committee of the AMC with appropriate justifications.

- **Asset Class Risk**

The returns from the types of securities in which the Scheme invests may under perform from the various general securities markets or different asset classes. Different types of securities tend to go through cycles of out-performance and under-performance in comparison with the general securities markets.

- **Selection Risk**

The risk that a security chosen will underperform the market for reasons that cannot be anticipated.

- **Risk factors associated with investing in Debt and Money Market Instruments:**

a) Price-Risk or Interest-Rate Risk: Debt and Money Market Instruments such as bonds, debentures and money market instruments run price-risk or interest-rate risk. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of existing Debt and Money Market Instruments fall and when interest rates drop, such prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices is a function of the existing coupon, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in the level of interest rates.

b) Credit Risk: Credit Risk means that the issuer of a security may default on interest payments or even paying back the principal amount on maturity. (i.e. the issuer may be unable to make timely principal and interest payments on the security). Even where no default occurs, the prices of security may go down because the credit rating of an issuer goes down. It must be, however, noted that where the Scheme has invested in Government securities, there is no risk to that extent.

c) Liquidity or Marketability Risk: This refers to the ease with which a security can be sold at or near to its valuation yield-to-maturity (YTM). The primary measure of liquidity risk is the spread between the bid price and the offer price quoted by a dealer. Liquidity risk is today characteristic of the Indian Debt and Money Market Instruments market.

d) Reinvestment Risk: Investments in Debt and Money Market Instruments may carry reinvestment risk as interest rates prevailing on the interest or maturity due dates may differ from the original coupon of the bond. Consequently, the proceeds may get invested at a lower rate.

e) Pre-payment Risk: Certain Debt and Money Market Instruments give an issuer the right to call back its securities before their maturity date, in periods of declining interest rates. The possibility of such prepayment may force the fund to reinvest the proceeds of such investments in securities offering lower yields, resulting in lower interest income for the fund.

f) Spread Risk: In a floating rate security the coupon is expressed in terms of a spread or mark up over the benchmark rate. In the life of the security this spread may move adversely leading to loss in value of the portfolio. The yield of the underlying benchmark might not change, but the spread of the security over the underlying benchmark might increase leading to loss in value of the security.

g) Counterparty risk: Counterparty refers to the counterparty's inability to honor its commitments (payment, delivery, repayment, etc.) and to risk of default. This risk relates to the quality of the counterparty to which the scheme has exposures. Losses can occur in particular for the settlement/delivery of financial instruments.

h) Different types of securities in which the scheme would invest as given in the SID carry different levels and types of risk. Accordingly, the scheme's risk may increase or decrease depending upon its investment pattern. E.g. corporate bonds carry a higher amount of risk than Government securities. Further even among corporate bonds, bonds, which are AA rated, are comparatively more risky than bonds, which are AAA rated.

i) The Net Asset Value (NAV) of the Scheme, to the extent invested in Debt and Money Market securities, will be affected by changes in the general level of interest rates. The NAV of the Scheme is expected to increase from a fall in interest rates while it would be adversely affected by an increase in the level of interest rates.

- **Settlement Risk**

Different segments of Indian financial markets have different settlement periods and such periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. Delays or other problems in settlement of transactions could result in temporary periods when the assets of the Scheme are uninvested and no return is earned thereon. The inability of the Scheme to make intended securities purchases, due to settlement problems, could cause the Scheme to miss certain investment opportunities. Similarly, the inability to sell securities held in the Scheme's portfolio, due to the absence of a well-developed and liquid secondary market for debt securities, may result at times in potential losses to the Scheme in the event of a subsequent decline in the value of securities held in the Scheme's portfolio.

- **Risks associated with investing in TREPS Segments**

The mutual fund is a member of securities and TREPS segments of the Clearing Corporation of India (CCIL). All transactions of the mutual fund in government securities and in TREPS segments are settled centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by CCIL; thus reducing the settlement and counterparty risks considerably for transactions in the said segments. The members are required to contribute an amount as communicated by CCIL from time to time to the default fund maintained by CCIL as a part of the default waterfall (a loss mitigating measure of CCIL in case of default by any member in settling transactions routed through CCIL). The mutual fund is exposed to the extent of its contribution to the default fund of CCIL at any given point in time. In the event that the default waterfall is triggered and the contribution of the mutual fund is called upon to absorb settlement/default losses of another member by CCIL, the scheme may lose an amount equivalent to its contribution to the default fund allocated to the scheme on a pro-rata basis.

- **Risks associated with Segregated portfolio:**

The AMC / Trustee shall decide on creation of segregated portfolio of the Scheme in case of a credit event/actual default at issuer level. Accordingly, Investor holding units of segregated portfolio may not be able to liquidate their holding till the time recovery of money from the issuer. The Security comprised of segregated portfolio may not realise any value. Further, Listing of units of segregated portfolio in recognised stock exchange does not necessarily guarantee their liquidity. There may not be active trading of units in the stock market. Further trading price of units on the stock market may be significantly lower than the prevailing NAV.

- **Risk associated with Investment in foreign securities/overseas investments**

The Scheme may invest in foreign securities. Such overseas investments will be made subject to necessary approvals, conditions thereof as may be stipulated from time to time. The investment in foreign securities carries an exchange rate risks related to depreciation of foreign currency and country risks. The country risks would include events such as change in regulations or political circumstances like introduction of extraordinary

exchange rate controls, restrictions on repatriation of capital due to exchange rate controls, bilateral political tensions leading to immobilization of overseas financial assets and the prevalent tax laws of the respective jurisdiction for the execution of trades or otherwise. As the Scheme shall invest in securities listed on the overseas stock exchange, all the risk factors pertaining to overseas stock exchange like market trading risk, liquidity risk and volatility risk, as mentioned earlier, are also applicable to the Scheme. The Scheme will also be exposed to settlement risk as different countries have different settlement periods.

- **Risk Factors Associated with Investments in REITs and InvITs:**

- **Risk of lower than expected distributions**

The distributions by the REIT or InvITs will be based on the net cash flows available for distribution. The amount of cash available for distribution principally depends upon the amount of cash that the REIT/ InvITs receives as dividends on the interest and principal payments from portfolio assets. The cash flows generated by portfolio assets from operations may fluctuate primarily based on the below, amongst other things:

- Success and economic viability of tenants and off-takers
- Economic cycles and risks inherent in the business which may negatively impact valuations, returns and profitability of portfolio assets
- Force majeure events related such as earthquakes, floods, etc. rendering the portfolio assets inoperable
- Debt service requirements and other liabilities of the portfolio assets
- Fluctuations in the working capital needs of the portfolio assets
- Ability of portfolio assets to borrow funds and access capital markets
- Changes in applicable laws and regulations, which may restrict the payment of dividends by portfolio assets
- Amount and timing of capital expenditures on portfolio assets
- Insurance policies may not provide adequate protection against various risks associated with operations of the REIT/ InvITs such as fire, natural disasters, accidents, etc.
- Taxation and regulatory factors

- **Price Risk**

The valuation of REIT/ InvITs units may fluctuate based on economic conditions, fluctuations in markets (e.g. Real estate) in which the REIT/ InvITs operates and resulting impact on the value of the portfolio of assets, regulatory changes, force majeure events, etc. REITs and InvITs may have volatile cash flows. As an indirect shareholder of portfolio assets, unit holders rights are subordinated to the rights of creditors, debt holders and other parties specified under Indian Law in the event to insolvency or liquidation of any of the portfolio assets.

- **Market Risk**

REITs and InvITs are volatile and prone to price fluctuations on a daily basis owing to market movements. Investors may note that AMC/ Fund Manager's investment decisions may not always be profitable, as actual market movements may be at variance with the anticipated trends. The NAV of the Scheme is vulnerable to movements in the prices of securities invested by the scheme, due to various market related factors like changes in the general market conditions, factors and forces affecting capital market, level of interest rates, trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures.

- **Liquidity Risk**

As the liquidity of the investments made by the Scheme(s) could, at times, be restricted by trading volumes and settlement periods, the time taken by the Mutual Fund for liquidating the investments in the scheme may be high in the event of immediate redemption requirement. Investment in such securities may lead to increase in the scheme portfolio risk.

- **Reinvestment Risk**

Investments in REITs & InvITs may carry reinvestment risk as there could be repatriation of funds by the Trusts

in form of buyback of units or dividend pay-outs, etc. Consequently, the proceeds may get invested in assets providing lower returns.

- **Risk factors associated with investing in Non-Convertible Preference Shares**

- Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer will be unable to meet its obligation of payment of dividend and/or redemption of principal amount on the due date. Further, for noncumulative preference shares, issuer also has an option to not pay dividends on preference shares in case of inadequate profits in any year.

- Liquidity Risk: The preference shares generally have limited secondary market liquidity and thus we may be forced to hold the instrument till maturity.

- Unsecured in nature: Preference shares are unsecured in nature and rank lower than secured and unsecured debt in hierarchy of payments in case of liquidation. Thus there is significant risk of capital erosion in case the company goes into liquidation.

- **Risk factors associated with investments in Perpetual Debt Instrument (PDI)**

Perpetual Debt instruments are issued by Banks, NBFCs and corporates to improve their capital profile. Some of the PDIs issued by Banks which are governed by the RBI guidelines for Basel III Capital Regulations are referred to as Additional Tier I (AT1 bonds). While there are no regulatory guidelines for issuance of PDIs by corporate bodies, NBFCs issue these bonds as per guidelines issued by RBI. The instruments are treated as perpetual in nature as there is no fixed maturity date. The key risks associated with these instruments are highlighted below:

Key Risk Factors: -

- **Risk on coupon servicing Banks**

- As per the terms of the instruments, Banks have discretion at all times to cancel distributions/payment of coupons.

- **NBFCs**

- While NBFCs have discretion at all times to cancel payment of coupon, coupon can also be deferred (instead of being cancelled), in case paying the coupon leads to breach of capital ratios.

- **Corporates**

- Corporates usually have discretion to defer the payment of coupon. However, the coupon is usually cumulative and any deferred coupon shall accrue interest at the original coupon rate of the PDI.

- **Risk of write-down or conversion into equity**

- **Banks**

- As per current RBI guidelines, banks have to maintain a Common Equity Tier-1 (CET-1) ratio of minimum 5.5% of Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs), failing which the AT-1 bonds can get written down. Further, AT-1 Bonds are liable to be written down or converted to common equity, at the discretion of RBI, in the event of Point of Non Viability Trigger (PONV). PONV is a point, determined by RBI, when a bank is deemed to have become non-viable unless there is a write off/ conversion to equity of AT-1 Bonds or a public sector capital injection happens. The write off/conversion has to occur prior to public sector injection of capital. This risk is not applicable in case of NBFCs and Corporates.

- **Risk of instrument not being called by the Issuer**

-Banks

The issuing banks have an option to call back the instrument after minimum period of 5 years from the date of issuance and typically annually thereafter, subject to meeting the RBI guidelines. However, if the bank does not exercise the call on first call date, the Scheme may have to hold the instruments for a period beyond the first call exercise date.

-NBFCs

The NBFC issuer has an option to call back the instrument after minimum period of 10 years from date of issuance and typically annually thereafter, subject to meeting the RBI guidelines. However, if the NBFC does not exercise the call option the Scheme may have to hold the instruments for a period beyond the first call exercise date.

-Corporates

There is no minimum period for call date. However, if the corporate does not exercise the call option, the Scheme may have to hold the instruments for a period beyond the call exercise date.

• **Risk associated with investments in Gold and Silver ETF's:**

❖ **Several factors that may affect the price of gold/commodity are as follows:**

Global gold supplies and demand, which is influenced by factors such as forward selling by gold producers, purchases made by gold producers to unwind gold hedge positions. Productions and cost levels in major gold producing countries can also impact gold prices. Further, Central bank purchases and sales also impact price of Gold. The prices of gold are also affected: -

- Investors' expectations with respect to the rate of inflation
- Currency exchange rates
- Interest rates
- Investment and trading activities of hedge funds and commodity funds
- Global or regional political, economic or financial events and situations
- Changes in indirect taxes or any other levies

The returns from gold may underperform returns from the various general securities markets or different asset classes other than gold. Different types of securities tend to go through cycles of out-performance and under-performance in comparison to the general securities markets. The scheme may invest in Gold ETFs. The units may trade above or below their NAV. The NAV of the underlying Scheme will fluctuate with changes in the market value of the holdings. The trading prices will fluctuate in accordance with changes in their NAV as well as market supply and demand. However, given that units of Gold ETFs can be created and redeemed in Creation Units, it is expected that large discounts or premiums to the NAV will not sustain due to arbitrage opportunity available. Value of Gold ETF Units could decrease if unanticipated operational or trading problems arise. In case of investment in Gold ETFs, the scheme can subscribe to the units of Gold ETFs according to the value equivalent to unit creation size as applicable. If subscriptions received are not adequate enough to invest in creation unit size, the subscriptions may be deployed in debt and money market instruments which will have a different return profile compared to gold returns profile.

❖ **Several factors that may affect the price of Silver are as follows:**

1. Global Silver supplies and demand, which is influenced by factors such as forward selling by Silver producers, purchases made by Silver producers to unwind Silver hedge positions, government regulations, productions and cost levels in major Silver producing countries.

2. Investors' expectations with respect to the macro-economic indicators;
3. Currency exchange rates;
4. Interest rates;
5. Investment and trading activities of hedge funds and commodity funds;
6. Global or regional political, economic or financial events and situations.
7. In addition, investors should be aware that there is no assurance that Silver will maintain its long-term value. In the event that the price of Silver declines, the value of investment in units is expected to decline proportionately.
8. Changes in indirect taxes like custom duties for import, sales tax, VAT or any other levies will have an impact on the valuation of Silver and consequently the NAV of the Scheme.
9. Demand side and/or supply side constraints in domestic and/or international markets.

❖ **Common Risk factors associated with investments in Gold and Silver ETFs**

Currency Risk: The formula for determining NAV of the Units of Gold/ Silver ETFs is based on the imported (landed) value of gold/silver respectively. Landed value of gold/ silver held by Gold ETFs/Silver ETFs is computed by multiplying international market price by US dollar value. The value of gold/silver or NAV, therefore will depend upon the conversion value of US dollar into Indian rupee and attracts all the risks attached to such conversion.

Regulatory Risk: Any changes in trading regulations by the stock exchange(s) or SEBI may affect the ability of Authorised Participant of Gold ETFs/Silver ETFs to arbitrage resulting into wider premium/ discount to NAV. Any changes in the regulations relating to import and export of gold/silver or gold/silver jewellery (including customs duty, sales tax and any such other statutory levies) may affect the ability of the underlying Gold ETFs/Silver ETFs respectively to buy / sell gold/silver respectively against the purchase and redemption requests received.

Units of Gold ETFs/Silver ETF may be acquired from the stock exchanges where the price quoted may be at variance with the underlying NAV, resulting in higher acquisition costs.

Taxation: Conversion of underlying physical gold/silver into units of Gold/silver ETFs respectively may attract capital gain tax depending on acquisition cost and holding period. Moreover, converting units of the underlying scheme to Gold/silver may also attract Wealth tax. Furthermore, Gold/silver is subject to indirect tax not restricted to the following: Sales Tax, Octroi, VAT, Stamp Duty, and Custom Duty. Hence, any change in the rates of taxation/applicable taxes would affect the valuation of the Scheme.

Redemption Risk: The units issued under the Scheme, when invested in Gold/Silver ETFs, will derive liquidity from the underlying Gold/Silver ETF having creation / redemption process in creation unit size of predefined quantity of physical gold/Silver (e.g. 1 kg). At times prevailing market conditions may affect the ability of the underlying Gold/Silver ETFs to sell gold/silver respectively against the redemption request received.

Furthermore, the endeavour would always be to get cash on redemptions from the underlying Gold/Silver ETFs. However, in case the underlying Gold/Silver ETF is unable to sell for any reason, and delivers physical gold, there could be delay in payment of redemption proceeds pending such realization.

Additionally, the Scheme will derive liquidity from trading units of underlying Gold/Silver ETFs on the exchange(s) in the secondary market which may be inherently restricted by trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures. As there is no active secondary market for Gold/Silver ETFs, the processing of redemption requests at times may be delayed. In the event of an inordinately large number of redemption requests, or re-structuring of the Scheme's investment portfolio, the processing of redemption requests may be delayed.

Gold/Silver ETFs would ordinarily repurchase Units in Creation Unit Size. Thus Unit holding less than Creation Unit Size can only be sold through the secondary market on the Exchange. Further, the price received upon the redemption of Units of Gold/Silver ETFs may be less than the value of the gold/silver represented by them.

Market Trading Risks: Although units of Gold/Silver ETFs are listed on recognised stock exchange(s), there can be no assurance that an active secondary market will be developed or be maintained.

Trading in units of Gold/Silver ETFs on the Exchange may be halted because of market conditions or for reasons that in view of the Exchange Authorities or SEBI, trading in units of Gold/Silver ETFs is not advisable. In addition, trading in units of Gold ETFs is subject to trading halts caused by extraordinary market volatility and pursuant to the Exchange and SEBI 'circuit filter' rules. There can be no assurance that the requirements of the Exchange necessary to maintain the listing of units of Gold/Silver ETFs will continue to be met or will remain unchanged.

Any changes in trading regulations by the Stock Exchange(s) or SEBI may affect the ability of market maker to arbitrage resulting into wider premium/ discount to NAV.

The units of Gold/Silver ETFs may trade above or below their NAV. The NAV of Gold/Silver ETFs will fluctuate with changes in the market value of that scheme's holdings. The trading prices of units of Gold /Silver ETFs will fluctuate in accordance with changes in their NAV as well as market supply and demand for the units of Gold/Silver ETF.

Gold /Silver ETFs may provide for the creation and redemption of units in Creation Unit Size directly with the concerned Mutual Fund and therefore, it is expected that large discounts or premiums to the NAV of the units of Gold/Silver ETFs will not sustain due to arbitrage opportunity available.

- **Risks associated with Investing in Derivatives**

Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investor. Execution of such strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify such opportunities. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the fund manager involve uncertainty and decision of the fund manager may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies.

Derivative products are specialized instruments that require investment techniques and risk analysis different from those associated with stocks. The use of a derivative requires an understanding not only of the underlying instrument but of the derivative itself. Derivatives require the maintenance of adequate controls to monitor the transactions entered into, the ability to assess the risk that a derivative adds to the portfolio and the ability to forecast price or interest rate movements correctly. There is a possibility that a loss may be sustained by the portfolio as a result of the failure of another party (usually referred to as the "counterparty") to comply with the terms of the derivatives contract. Other risks in using derivatives include the risk of mispricing or improper valuation of derivatives and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices, illiquidity risk whereby the Scheme may not be able to sell or purchase derivative quickly enough at a fair price. The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments.

- **Risk associated with Securities Lending**

Securities Lending is a lending of securities through an approved intermediary to a borrower under an agreement for a specified period with the condition that the borrower will return equivalent securities of the same type or class at the end of the specified period along with the corporate benefits accruing on the securities borrowed.

In case the Scheme undertakes stock lending as prescribed in the Regulations, it may, at times be exposed to counter party risk and other risks associated with the securities lending. Unitholders of the Scheme should note that there are risks inherent to securities lending, including the risk of failure of the other party, in this case the approved intermediary, to comply with the terms of the agreement entered into between the lender of securities i.e. the Scheme and the approved intermediary. Such failure can result in the possible loss of rights to the collateral put up by the borrower of the securities, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of any corporate benefits accruing to the lender from the securities lent. The Fund may not be able to sell such lent securities and this can lead to temporary illiquidity.

- **Risks associated with investing in Government of India Securities**

- a. Market Liquidity risk with fixed rate Government of India Securities even though the Government of India Securities market is more liquid compared to other debt instruments, on certain occasions, there could be difficulties in transacting in the market due to extreme volatility leading to constriction in market volumes. Also, the liquidity of the Scheme may suffer in case the relevant guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India undergo any adverse changes.
- b. Interest Rate risk associated with Government of India Securities - while Government of India Securities generally carry relatively minimal credit risk since they are issued by the Government of India, they do carry price risk depending upon the general level of interest rates prevailing from time to time. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of fixed income securities fall and when interest rates decline, the prices of fixed income securities increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices is a function of the coupon rate, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in the level of interest rates. The price-risk is not unique to Government of India Securities. It exists for all fixed income securities. Therefore, their prices tend to be influenced more by movement in interest rates in the financial system than by changes in the government's credit rating. By contrast, in the case of corporate or institutional fixed income Securities, such as bonds or debentures, prices are influenced by their respective credit standing as well as the general level of interest rates.

- **Risk associated with investing in Repo of Corporate Bond Securities**

To the extent the scheme invests in Repo of Corporate Bond Securities, the scheme will be subject to following risks

–
Corporate Bond Repo will be subject to counter party risk.

The Scheme will be exposed to credit risk on the underlying collateral– downward migration of rating. The scheme may impose adequate haircut on the collateral to cushion against any diminution in the value of the collateral. Collateral will require to be rated AA and above rated where potential for downgrade/default is low. In addition, appropriate haircuts are applied on the market value of the underlying securities to adjust for the illiquidity and interest rate risk on the underlying instrument.

Liquidity of collateral: In the event of default by the counterparty, the scheme would have recourse to recover its investments by selling the collateral in the market. If the underlying collateral is illiquid, then the Mutual Fund may incur an impact cost at the time of sale (lower price realization).

- **Risk associated with potential change in Tax structure**

This summary of tax implications given in the taxation section (Units and Offer Section III) is based on the current provisions of the applicable tax laws. This information is provided for general purpose only. The current taxation laws may change due to change in the 'Income Tax Act 1961' or any subsequent changes/amendments

in Finance Act/Rules/Regulations. Any change may entail a higher outgo to the scheme or to the investors by way of securities transaction taxes, fees, taxes etc. thus adversely impacting the scheme and its returns.

- **Trading through mutual fund trading platforms of BSE and/ or NSE**

In respect of transaction in Units of the Scheme through BSE and/ or NSE, allotment and redemption of Units on any Business Day will depend upon the order processing/settlement by BSE and/ or NSE and their respective clearing corporations on which the Mutual Fund has no control.

- **General Risk Factors**

Trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures may restrict the liquidity of the investments made by the Scheme. Different segments of the Indian financial markets have different settlement periods and such periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances leading to delays in receipt of proceeds from sale of securities. The NAV of the Units of the Scheme can go up or down because of various factors that affect the capital markets in general.

As the liquidity of the investments made by the Scheme could, at times, be restricted by trading volumes and settlement periods, the time taken by the Mutual Fund for redemption of Units may be significant in the event of an inordinately large number of redemption requests or restructuring of the Scheme. In view of the above, the Trustee has the right, in its sole discretion, to limit redemptions (including suspending redemptions) under certain circumstances.

Risk Control

Risk is an inherent part of the investment function. Effective Risk management is critical to fund management for achieving financial soundness. Investment by the Scheme would be made as per the investment objective of the Scheme and in accordance with SEBI Regulations. AMC has adequate safeguards to manage risk in the portfolio construction process. Risk control would involve managing risk in order to keep in line with the investment objective of the Scheme. The risk control process would include identifying the risk and taking proper measures for the same. The system has incorporated all the investment restrictions as per the SEBI guidelines and enables identifying and measuring the risk through various risk management tools like various portfolio analytics, risk ratios, average duration and analyses the same and acts in a preventive manner.

Risk mitigation strategies

<p><u>Liquidity risk</u> The liquidity of the Scheme's investments is inherently restricted by trading volumes in the securities in which they invests.</p>	<p>The Scheme will try to maintain a proper asset-liability match to ensure redemption payments are made on time and not affected by illiquidity of the underlying stocks.</p>
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<p><u>Derivatives Risk</u></p> <p>As and when the Scheme trades in the derivatives market there are risk factors and issues concerning the use of derivatives since derivative products are specialized instruments that require investment techniques and risk analyses different from those associated with stocks and bonds.</p>	<p>Derivatives will be used in the form of Index Options, Index Futures and other instruments as may be permitted by SEBI. All derivatives trade will be done only on the exchange with guaranteed settlement. The AMC monitors the portfolio and regulatory limits for derivatives through its front office monitoring system. Exposure to derivatives of stocks or underlying index will be done based on requisite research. Exposure with respect to derivatives shall be in line with regulatory limits and the limits specified in the SID. No OTC contracts will be entered into.</p>
<p>Risks associated with money market investment</p>	
<p><u>Market Risk/ Interest Rate Risk</u></p> <p>As with all fixed income securities, changes in interest rates may affect the Scheme's Net Asset Value as the prices of securities generally increase as interest rates decline and generally decrease as interest rates rise. Prices of long-term securities generally fluctuate more in response to interest rate changes than do short-term securities. Indian debt markets can be volatile leading to the possibility of price movements up or down in fixed income securities and thereby to possible movements in the NAV.</p>	<p>The Scheme may invest in money market instruments having relatively shorter maturity thereby mitigating the price volatility due to interest rate changes generally associated with long-term securities.</p>
<p><u>Liquidity or Marketability Risk</u></p> <p>This refers to the ease with which a security can be sold at or near to its valuation yield- to maturity (YTM).</p>	<p>The Scheme may invest in money market instruments having relatively shorter maturity. While the liquidity risk for short maturity securities may be low, it may be high in case of medium to long maturity securities.</p>
<p><u>Credit Risk</u></p> <p>Credit risk or default risk refers to the risk that an issuer of a fixed income security may default (i.e., will be unable to make timely principal and interest payments on the security).</p>	<p>Management analysis may be used for identifying company specific risks. Management's past track record may also be studied.</p>

C. REQUIREMENT OF MINIMUM INVESTORS IN THE SCHEME

The Scheme/Plan shall have a minimum of 20 investors and no single investor shall account for more than 25% of the corpus of the Scheme/Plan(s). In case the Scheme / Plan(s) does not have a minimum of 20 investors in the stipulated period, the provisions of Regulation 39(2)(c) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations would become applicable automatically without any reference from SEBI and accordingly the Scheme / Plan(s) shall be wound up and the units would be redeemed at applicable NAV. The two conditions mentioned above shall also be complied within each subsequent calendar quarter thereafter, on an average basis, as specified by SEBI. If there is a breach of the 25% limit by any investor over the quarter, a rebalancing period of one month would be allowed and thereafter the investor who is in breach of the rule shall be given 15 days' notice to redeem his exposure over the 25 % limit. Failure on the part of the said investor to redeem his exposure over the 25 % limit within the aforesaid 15 days would lead to automatic redemption by the Mutual Fund on the applicable Net Asset Value on the 15th day of the notice period. The Fund shall adhere to the requirements prescribed by SEBI from time to time in this regard.

D. SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS

- Prospective investors should study this SID and SAI carefully in its entirety and should not construe the contents hereof as advise relating to legal, taxation, financial, investment or any other matters and are advised to consult their legal, tax, financial and other professional advisors to determine possible legal, tax, financial or other considerations of subscribing to or redeeming units before making a decision to invest/redeem/hold units.
- Neither this SID and SAI nor the units have been registered in any jurisdiction. The distribution of this SID or SAI in certain jurisdictions may be restricted or totally prohibited to registration requirements and accordingly, any person who comes into possession of this SID or SAI is required to inform themselves about and to observe any such restrictions and/ or legal compliance requirements of applicable laws and Regulations of such relevant jurisdiction. Any changes in SEBI/Stock Exchange/RBI regulations and other applicable laws/regulations could have an effect on such investments and valuation thereof.
- The AMC, Trustee or the Mutual Fund have not authorized any person to issue any advertisement or to give any information or to make any representations, either oral or written, other than that contained in this SID or SAI or as provided by the AMC in connection with this offering. Prospective Investors are advised not to rely upon any information or representation not incorporated in the SID or SAI or as provided by the AMC as having been authorized by the Mutual Fund, the AMC or the Trustee.
- The tax benefits described in this SID and SAI are as available under the present taxation laws and are available subject to relevant conditions. The information given is included only for general purpose and is based on advise received by the AMC regarding the law and practice currently in force in India as on the date of this SID and the Unitholders should be aware that the relevant fiscal rules or their interpretation may change. As is the case with any investment, there can be no guarantee that the tax position or the proposed tax position prevailing at the time of an investment in the Scheme will endure indefinitely. In view of the individual nature of tax consequences, each Unitholder is advised to consult his / her own professional tax advisor.
- Redemptions due to change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme or due to any other reasons may entail tax consequences. The Trustee, AMC, Mutual Fund, their directors or their employees shall not be liable for any of the tax consequences that may arise.

- The Trustee, AMC, Mutual Fund, their directors or their employees shall not be liable for any of the tax consequences that may arise, in the event that the Scheme is wound up for the reasons and in the manner provided in SAI.
- The Mutual Fund may disclose details of the investor's account and transactions there under to those intermediaries whose stamp appears on the application form or who have been designated as such by the investor. In addition, the Mutual Fund may disclose such details to the bankers, as may be necessary for the purpose of effecting payments to the investor. The Fund may also disclose such details to regulatory and statutory authorities/bodies as may be required or necessary.
- MOAMC undertakes the following activities other than that of managing the Schemes of MOMF and has also obtained NOC from SEBI for the same:
 - a. MOAMC is a registered Portfolio Manager under SEBI (Portfolio Managers) Regulations, 1993 bearing registration number INP000000670 dated August 21, 2017.
 - b. MOAMC acts as an Investment Manager to the Schemes of Motilal Oswal Alternative Investment Trust and is registered under SEBI (Alternative Investment Funds) Regulations, 2012 as Category III AIF bearing registration number IN/AIF3/13-14/0044 and IN/AIF3/19-20/0799 respectively.
 - c. MOAMC has incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary in Mauritius which acts as an Investment Manager to the funds based in Mauritius.
 - d. MOAMC has incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary in India which currently undertakes Investment Advisory Services/Portfolio Management Services to offshore clients.
 - e. AMC confirms that there is no conflict of interest between the aforesaid activities managed by AMC. In the situations of unavoidable conflicts of interest, the AMC undertakes that it shall satisfy itself that adequate disclosures are made of source of conflict, potential 'material risk or damage' to investor interest and develop parameters for the same.
- Apart from the above-mentioned activities, the AMC may undertake any business activities other than in the nature of management and advisory services provided to pooled assets including offshore funds, insurance funds, pension funds, provident funds, if any of such activities are not in conflict with the activities of the mutual fund subject to receipt of necessary regulatory approvals and approval of Trustees and by ensuring compliance with provisions of regulation 24(b) (i to viii). Provided further that the asset management company may, itself or through its subsidiaries, undertake portfolio management services and advisory services for other than broad based fund till further directions, as may be specified by the Board, subject to compliance with the following additional conditions: -
 - i) it satisfies the Board that key personnel of the asset management company, the system, back office, bank and securities accounts are segregated activity wise and there exist system to prohibit access to inside information of various activities;
 - ii) it meets with the capital adequacy requirements, if any, separately for each of such activities and obtain separate approval, if necessary under the relevant regulations.

Explanation: —For the purpose of this regulation, the term 'broad based fund' shall mean the fund which has at least twenty investors and no single investor account for more than twenty-five percent of corpus of the fund.
- The Trustee, in the general interest of the unit holders of the Scheme offered under this SID and keeping in view of the unforeseen circumstances/unusual market conditions, may limit the total number of Units which can be redeemed on any Business Day.

- As the liquidity of the Scheme’s investments may sometimes be restricted by trading volumes and settlement periods, the time taken by the Fund for Redemption of Units may be significant in the event of an inordinately large number of Redemption requests. The Trustee has the right to limit redemptions under certain circumstances. Please refer to the section “Right to limit Redemption”.
- Pursuant to the provisions of Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 (PMLA), if after due diligence, the AMC believes that any transaction is suspicious in nature as regards money laundering, the AMC shall have absolute discretion to report such suspicious transactions to FIU-IND (Financial Intelligence Unit – India) or such other authorities as prescribed under the rules/guidelines issued thereunder by SEBI and/or RBI and take any other actions as may be required for the purposes of fulfilling its obligations under PMLA and rules/guidelines issued thereunder by SEBI and/or RBI without obtaining the prior approval of the investor/Unitholder/ any other person.
- Investors applying for subscription of Units offered directly with the Fund (i.e. not routed through any distributor/agent) hereinafter referred to as 'Direct Plan' will be subject to a lower expense ratio excluding distribution expenses, commission, etc. and no commission for distribution of Units will be paid / charged under Direct Plan and therefore, shall not in any manner be construed as an investment advice offered by the Mutual Fund/AMC. The subscription of Units through Direct Plan is a facility offered to the investor only to execute his/her/their transactions at a lower expense ratio. Before making an investment decision, Investors are advised to consult their own investment and other professional advisors.
- **Compliance with Foreign Accounts Tax Compliance Act “FATCA” / Common Reporting Standards “CRS”**

The Central Board of Direct Taxes (CBDT) has notified Rules 114F to 114H (pertaining to FATCA-CRS), as part of the Income-tax Rules, 1962, which require Indian financial institutions such as Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund to seek additional personal, tax and beneficial owner information and certain certifications and documentation from its investors/unitholders. Please note that applications for account opening could be liable to be rejected where such FATCA-CRS related information or documentation is not provided.

In relevant cases, the Mutual Fund will have to, inter-alia, report account information (e.g. holdings, redemptions or IDCW) to tax authorities / other agencies, as may be required. In this respect, the Mutual Fund would rely on the relevant information provided by its Registrar and would also use its discretion. The onus to provide accurate, adequate and timely information would be that of the investor. In this regard, any change in the information provided should be intimated to the Mutual Fund promptly, i.e., within 30 days by the investors/unitholders. Investors/unitholders should consult their own tax advisors for any advice on tax residency or any other aspects of FATCA –CRS. Please note that the Mutual Fund will be unable to provide any advice in this regard.

Creation of segregated portfolio:

A. Introduction:

SEBI vide clause 4.4.4 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI /HO/IMD/ IMD-PoD-1 / P/ CIR / 2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, has advised that portfolios by mutual fund schemes investing in debt and money market instruments should have provision in the concerned SID for creating portfolio segregation.

Segregated Portfolio: The portfolio comprising of debt and money market instruments, which might be affected by a credit event and shall also include the unrated debt or money market instruments affected by actual default.

Main Portfolio: Scheme portfolio excluding segregated portfolio

Total Portfolio: Scheme portfolio including the securities affected by credit events

B. Need for segregated portfolio:

While very stringent internal credit evaluation norms are being followed by AMC/Mutual Fund, the risk of credit downgrade in portfolio companies due to various factors cannot be ruled out. In the event of credit downgrade the downgrade instrument generally become illiquid making it very difficult for the fund manager to dispose of such instrument/s. In such an event segregation of such an instrument from the main portfolio will prevent the distressed asset(s) damaging the returns generated from more liquid and better-performing assets of the portfolio. It also provides fair treatment to all existing, incoming and outgoing investors, as any recovery from the issuer in future would get distributed among those investors, who would have suffered a loss due to downgrade event.

C. Credit Events

Segregated portfolio may be created, in case of a credit event at issuer level i.e. downgrade in credit rating by a SEBI registered Credit Rating Agency (CRA), as under:

- 1) Downgrade of a debt or money market instrument to 'below investment grade', or
- 2) Subsequent downgrades of the said instruments from 'below investment grade', or
- 3) Similar such downgrades of a loan rating.

The most conservative rating shall be considered, if there is difference in rating by multiple CRAs, Creation of segregated portfolio shall be based on issuer level credit events as detailed at "Credit Events" and implemented at the ISIN level.

Actual default (for unrated debt or money market instruments)

In case of unrated debt or money market instruments, the actual default of either the interest or principal amount by the issuer.

On occurrence of any default, the AMC shall inform AMFI immediately about the actual default by the issuer. Subsequent to dissemination of information by AMFI about actual default by the issuer, the AMC might segregate the portfolio of debt or money market instruments of the said issuer.

D. Segregate portfolio creation process

Creation of segregated portfolio shall be optional and at the discretion of the AMC/ Trustees.

- a. The AMC may decide on creation of segregated portfolio on the day of credit event/ actual default (as applicable). Segregated portfolio has to be created at the issuer level i.e. the scheme having multiple segregated portfolios will have multiple segregated portfolios. Once decided, AMC shall –
 - i. Seek Trustee prior approval,
 - ii. Issue a press release immediately mentioning its intention to segregate such debt and money market instrument and its impact to investors. It should also disclose that the segregation shall be subject to trustee approval. Additionally, the said press release to be prominently disclosed on the website of the AMC.
 - iii. The Trustee approval has to be secured in not more than one business day from the credit event/actual default date & meanwhile the subscription and redemption in the scheme shall be suspended for processing with respect to creation of units and payment on redemptions.

E. On receipt of the Trustee approval –

- i. The segregated portfolio shall be created effective from credit event/actual default date
- ii. AMC shall issue press release immediately mentioning all details pertaining to the segregated portfolio. The said information shall also be submitted to SEBI.
- iii. An e-mail or SMS should be sent to all unit holders of the concerned scheme.
- iv. The NAV of both segregated and main portfolio shall be disclosed from the day of the credit event/ Actual Default.
- v. All existing investors in the scheme as on the day of the credit event/actual default date will be allotted equal number of units in the segregated portfolio as held in the main portfolio.
- vi. No redemption or subscription will be allowed in the segregated portfolio/s. However, AMC shall enable the listing of the units of the segregated portfolio on recognized stock exchange within 10 working days from the date of its creation and shall also enable transfer of units on receipt of transfer request.

b. If the trustees do not approve the proposal to segregate portfolio, AMC shall issue a press release immediately informing investors of the same.

F. Disclosure Requirements

Communication to the investors, NAV disclosure and other disclosure including scheme performance requirements for segregated portfolio shall be as per the norms specified in the above SEBI circular.

MOAMC will comply with all communication requirements /disclosure requirements prescribed by SEBI in an event of creation of segregated portfolio. This shall include disclosures of NAV, issue of account statement, press release announcing credit event and creation of segregated portfolio/s, Disclosure of segregated portfolio in (Monthly/Half Yearly) portfolio statement, etc.

The information regarding number of segregated portfolios created in a scheme shall appear prominently under the name of the scheme at all relevant places such as SID, KIM-cum-Application Form, advertisement, AMC and AMFI websites, etc.

If the Trustee rejects the segregated portfolio proposal then AMC to issue press release and inform the decision of the Trustee to investors, post which subscription and redemption applications will be processed based on the NAV of total portfolio.

G. Valuation of security:

From the date of credit downgrade to non-investment grade, the Security shall be valued based on principal of fair valuation & hair cut prescribed by the AMFI till the time valuation agency(ies) start providing valuation for the security.

The valuation of the instruments/portfolio shall be done based on the quote/price obtained from the independent valuation agency(ies). In cases where quote/price is not available from an independent agency, the Valuation Committee will decide the methodology for valuation of such instruments/portfolio.

All subscription and redemption requests for which NAV of the day of credit event/ Actual Default or subsequent day is applicable will be processed as per the existing circular on applicability of NAV as under:

- i. Upon trustees' approval to create a segregated portfolio –
 - Investors redeeming their units will get redemption proceeds based on the NAV of main portfolio and will continue to hold the units of segregated portfolio.
 - Investors subscribing to the scheme will be allotted units only in the main portfolio based on its NAV.
- ii. In case trustees do not approve the proposal of segregated portfolio, subscription and redemption applications will be processed based on the NAV of total portfolio.

H. Total Expense Ratio (TER) for segregated portfolio:

AMC shall not charge investment and advisory fees on the segregated portfolio.

TER (including legal charges and excluding the investment and advisory fees) shall be charged pro-rata basis only on upon recovery of investment in the segregated portfolio. The legal charges related to recovery of the investments of the segregated portfolio may be charged to the segregated portfolio in proportion to the amount of recovery. The maximum TER limit shall be same as applicable to the main portfolio. TER in excess of limit shall be borne by AMC. However, the costs related to segregated portfolio shall in no case be charged to the main portfolio.

The TER so levied shall not exceed the simple average of such expenses (excluding the investment and advisory fees) charged on daily basis on the main portfolio (in % terms) during the period for which the segregated portfolio was in existence.

I. Distribution of recovery:

Any recovery of investment of the segregated portfolio/s (including recovery after write-off) shall be distributed immediately to the investors in proportion to their holdings in the segregated portfolio/s.

J. Monitoring of segregated portfolio:

Trustees shall monitor the compliance of the SEBI Circular in respect of creation of segregated portfolio and disclosure in this respect shall be made in Half-Yearly Trustee reports to be filed with SEBI.

K. Evaluation of negative impact on the performance incentives:

In order to avoid mis-use of the segregated portfolio, Trustees will put in place a mechanism to evaluate the negative impact of such segregation, on the performance incentives of the Fund Managers, Chief Investment Officers (CIOs), etc. involved in the investment process of securities under the segregated portfolio, mirroring the existing mechanism for performance incentives of MOAMC., including claw back of such amount to the segregated portfolio of the scheme.

The amount forfeited shall be credited to the segregated portfolio of the concern scheme(s) in the ratio of value of the securities downgraded in the respective schemes before the credit event.

L. Action Taken Report:

AMC shall put sincere efforts to recover the bad investment. An Action Taken Report should be prepared and placed before the Board of Trustee meeting/s till the matter is finally resolved.

Illustration of segregated portfolio

The below table shows how a security affected by a credit event will be segregated and its impact on investors:

Portfolio Date: May 31, 2024

Downgrade Event Date: May 31, 2024

Mr. X is holding 1000 units of the scheme for an amount of Rs 12,323.10 (1,000 *12.3231)

Portfolio before downgrade event

Security	Rating	Type of the security	Quantity	Market Price Per Unit (Rs)	Market Value (Rs)	% of Net Assets
8.50% A Ltd.	CRISIL AAA	NCD	500	101.4821	50,741.05	41.18%
9.00 % B Ltd.	CRISIL AA+	NCD	25	120.00	3000.00	2.43%

8.75% C Ltd.	CRISIL AA+	NCD	25	100.7341	2518.35	2.04%
8.00% D Ltd.	CRISIL AA+	NCD	375	102.7886	38,545	31.28%
Cash & cash equivalents					28,425.52	23.07%
Net Assets					1,23,230.63	100.00%
Unit capital (no of units)					10,000.000	
NAV (In Rs)					12.3231	
Security downgraded	9.00% B Ltd.	from AA+ to D				
Valuation Marked down by	75.00%	Valuation agencies shall be providing the valuation price post consideration of standard haircut matrix.				

Total Portfolio as on May 31, 2024

Security	Rating	Type of the security	Quantity	Market Price Per Unit (Rs)	Market Value (Rs)	% of Net Assets
8.50% A Ltd.	CRISIL AAA	NCD	500	101.4821	50,741.05	41.94%
9.00 % B Ltd.	CRISIL D	NCD	25	30.00	750	0.62%
8.75% C Ltd.	CRISIL AA+	NCD	25	100.7341	2518.35	2.08%
8.00% D Ltd.	CRISIL AA+	NCD	375	102.7886	38,545	31.86%
Cash & cash equivalents					28,425.52	23.50%
Net Assets					120,980.63	100.00%
Unit capital (no of units)					10,000.000	
NAV (In Rs)					12.0981	

Main Portfolio as on May 31, 2024

Security	Rating	Type of the security	Quantity	Market Price Per Unit (Rs)	Market Value (Rs)	% of Net Assets
8.50% A Ltd.	CRISIL AAA	NCD	500	101.4821	50,741.05	42.20%
8.75% C Ltd.	CRISIL AA+	NCD	25	100.7341	2518.35	2.09%
8.00% D Ltd.	CRISIL AA+	NCD	375	102.7886	38,545	32.06%
Cash & cash equivalents					28,425.52	23.64%
Net Assets					120,230.6	100.00

					3	%
Unit capital (no of units)					10,000.00	
NAV (In Rs)					12.0231	

Segregated Portfolio as on May 31, 2024

Security	Rating	Type of the security	Quantity	Market Price Per Unit (Rs)	Market Value (Rs)	% of Net Assets
9.00 % B Ltd.	CRISIL D	NCD	25	30.00	750	100%
Net Assets					750	100.00 %
Unit capital (no of units)					10,000.00	
NAV (In Rs)					0.075	

Net impact on value of holding of Mr. X after creation of segregation portfolio

	Main Portfolio	Segregated Portfolio	Total Value
No. of Units	1,000	1000	
NAV (in Rs)	12.0231	0.075	
Total Value (in Rs)	12,023.10	75	12,098.10

Listing of Mutual Fund schemes that are in the process of winding up

When the schemes in the process of winding-up in terms of Regulation 39(2)(a) of MF Regulations, its units shall be listed on recognized stock exchange provide an exit to investors, subject to compliance with listing formalities as stipulated by the stock exchange.

However, pursuant to listing, trading on stock exchange mechanism will not be mandatory for investors, rather, if they so desire, may avail an optional channel to exit provided to them.

Trading in units of such a listed scheme that is under the process of winding up, shall be in dematerialised form. AMC's shall enable transfer of such units which are held in form of Statement of Account (SoA) / unit certificates.

Detailed operational modalities for trading and settlement of units of MF schemes that are under the process of winding up, shall be finalized by the stock exchanges where units of such schemes are being listed, in consultation with SEBI. The operational modalities shall include the following:

- Mechanism for order placement, execution, payment and settlement;
- Enabling bulk orders to be placed for trading in units;
- Issue related to suspension of trading, declaration of date for determining the eligibility of unitholders etc. in respect of payments to be made by the AMC as part of the winding up process;
- Disclosures to be made by AMC's including disclosure of NAV on daily basis and scheme portfolio periodically etc.

The stock exchange will develop a mechanism along with RTA for trading and settlement of such units held in the form of SoA/ Unit Certificate.

The AMC, its sponsor, employees of AMC and Trustee shall not be permitted to transact (buy or sell) in the units of such schemes that are under the process of being wound up. The compliance of the same will be monitored both by the Board of AMC and Trustee.

II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. INVESTMENT BY THE SCHEME

The corpus of the Scheme will be invested primarily in Equity and Equity Related Securities. The Scheme may invest its corpus in units of Liquid Schemes, REITs, InvITs, Foreign Securities including units of overseas mutual fund schemes / Overseas ETFs and Money Market Instruments, G-Sec, Bonds, Cash and cash equivalents etc.

Subject to the Regulations and other prevailing Laws as applicable, the corpus of the Scheme can be invested in any (but not exclusively) of the following Securities:

- Equity and Equity related instruments including derivatives and International Equity Index Funds/Equity ETFs/International Stocks.
- Debt securities and Money Market Instruments (including reverse repos, Commercial Deposit, Commercial Paper, Treasury Bills, TREPS, Perpetual Debt and Nonconvertible Preference Shares permitted by SEBI/RBI or in alternative investment for the call money market as may be provided by RBI to meet the liquidity requirements.
- Derivative including Index Futures, Stock Futures, Index Options and Stock Options etc. and such other derivatives instruments permitted under Regulations.
- Mutual Fund units
- Pending deployment of funds as per the investment objective of the Scheme, the funds may be parked in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks, subject to guidelines and limits specified by SEBI.
- Any other instruments as may be permitted by RBI/SEBI under prevailing laws from time to time.
- Gold Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) and and Silver ETFs
- REIT and INVIT
- The Scheme may invest in other schemes managed by the AMC or in the schemes of any other mutual funds, provided it is in conformity with the investment objectives of the Scheme and in terms of the prevailing SEBI (MF) Regulations. As per the SEBI (MF) Regulations, no investment management fees will be charged for such investments and the aggregate inter scheme investment made by all the schemes of MOMF or in the schemes of other mutual funds shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the MOMF.

The investment restrictions and the limits are specified in the Schedule VII of SEBI Regulations which is mentioned in the section 'Investment Restrictions'.

The Securities mentioned above could be listed, unlisted, privately placed, secured, unsecured, rated or unrated and of any maturity. The Securities may be acquired through initial public offerings, secondary market operations, and private placement, rights offers or negotiated transactions. The scheme may invest the funds of the scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks as permitted under extant regulations as per clause 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023. As per the stated Regulations, Mutual Funds shall not park more than 15% of their net assets in short term deposits of all scheduled commercial banks put together. This limit however may be raised to 20% with prior approval of the Trustees. Also, parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of the total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.

Investments in Derivative Instruments

The Scheme may invest in derivative products from time to time, for portfolio rebalancing and hedging purposes. The Scheme may enter into forward contracts, future contracts or buy or sell options or any other instruments that are permissible or may be permissible in future under applicable regulations and such investments shall be in accordance with the investment objective of the Scheme.

Exposure by the Scheme in equity derivative instruments shall not exceed 50% of total equity portfolio and exposure to debt derivative instruments shall not exceed 50% of the total debt portfolio of the scheme. Exposure in equity derivative instruments will be applicable for both hedging and non-hedging purpose.

(a) Limit for investment in Derivative instruments

In accordance with clauses 7.5.1.4 and 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI /HO/IMD/ IMD-PoD-1 / P/ CIR / 2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, the following conditions shall apply to the Scheme's participation in the Derivatives market. The investment restrictions applicable to the Scheme's participation in the Derivatives market will be as prescribed or varied by SEBI from time to time.

i. Position limit for the Mutual Fund in index options contracts

a. The Mutual Fund's position limit in all index options contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 crore or 15% of the total open interest of the market in index options, whichever is higher, per Stock Exchange.

b. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all options contracts on a particular underlying index.

ii. Position limit for the Mutual Fund in index futures contracts

a. The Mutual Fund's position limit in all index futures contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 crore or 15% of the total open interest of the market in index futures, whichever is higher, per stock Exchange.

b. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all futures contracts on a particular underlying index.

iii. Additional position limit for hedging for the Mutual Fund:

In addition to the position limits at point (i) and (ii) above, the Mutual Fund may take exposure in equity index Derivatives subject to the following limits:

a. Short positions in index Derivatives (short futures and long puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Fund's holding of stocks.

b. Long positions in index Derivatives (long futures and long calls) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of cash, Government Securities, T-Bills and similar instruments.

iv. Position limit for the Mutual Fund for stock based Derivative contracts

The Mutual Fund position limit in a derivative contract on a particular underlying stock, i.e. stock option contracts and stock futures contracts will be as follows: -

- The combined futures and options position limit shall be 20% of the applicable Market Wide Position Limit (MWPL).

v. Position limit for each scheme of the Mutual Fund

The scheme-wise position limit requirements shall be:

a. For stock option and stock futures contracts, the gross open position across all Derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock of the Scheme shall not exceed the higher of:

1% of the free float market capitalisation (in terms of number of shares) or 5% of the open interest in the Derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock (in terms of number of contracts).

b. This position limits shall be applicable on the combined position in all Derivative contracts on an underlying stock at a stock exchange.

c. For index based contracts, the Fund shall disclose the total open interest held by its schemes or all schemes put together in a particular underlying index, if such open interest equals to or exceeds 15% of the open interest of all Derivative contracts on that underlying index.

As and when SEBI notifies amended limits in position limits for exchange traded derivative contracts in future, the aforesaid position limits, to the extent relevant, shall be read as if they were substituted with the SEBI amended limits.

Exposure Limits for all schemes

The cumulative gross exposure to Equity, Debt, REITS and InvITs will not exceed 100% of the Net Assets of the Scheme. The Fund shall not write options or purchase instruments with embedded written options. The total exposure related to option premium paid must not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme. Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure.

Exposure due to hedging positions may not be included in the above mentioned limits subject to the following:

a. Hedging positions are the Derivative positions that reduce possible losses on an existing position in Securities and till the existing position remains.

b. Hedging positions cannot be taken for existing Derivative positions. Exposure due to such positions shall have to be added and treated under limits mentioned above.

c. Any Derivative instrument used to hedge has the same underlying security as the existing position being hedged.

d. The quantity of underlying associated with the Derivative position taken for hedging purposes does not exceed the quantity of the existing position against which hedge has been taken.

However, exposure due to Derivative positions taken for hedging purposes in excess of the underlying position against which the hedging position has been taken, shall be treated under the limits mentioned above.

Risk Associated with these Strategies

- The risk of mis-pricing or improper valuation and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.

Execution Risk: The prices which are seen on the screen need not be the same at which execution will take place.

B. INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS

The following are the investment restrictions as contained in the Seventh Schedule and amendments thereof to SEBI (MF) Regulations which are applicable to the Scheme at the time of making investments:

1. The Mutual Fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities:

Provided further that the Mutual Fund may engage in securities lending and borrowing specified by the Board.

Provided further that a Mutual Fund may enter into derivatives transactions in a recognized stock exchange, subject to the framework specified by the SEBI:

Provided further that sale of Government security already contracted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this regard.

2. The Mutual Fund shall get the securities purchased or transferred in the name of the Mutual Fund on account of the concerned scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of long-term nature.
3. The Mutual Fund under all its schemes shall not own more than 10% of any company's paid up capital carrying voting rights. For the purpose of determining the above limit, a combination of positions of the underlying securities and stock derivatives will be considered.
4. Transfers of investments from one scheme to another scheme in the same Mutual Fund shall be allowed only if,
 - (a) such transfers are done at the prevailing market price for quoted instruments on spot basis.
[Explanation - "Spot basis" shall have same meaning as specified by stock exchange for spot transactions;]
 - (b) the securities so transferred shall be in conformity with investment objective of the scheme to which such transfer has been made and the Policy on Inter Scheme Transfer prepared in compliance with clause 12.30 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023 as amended from time to time.

Further the inter Scheme transfer of investments shall be in accordance with the provisions contained in clause Inter-Scheme transfer of investments, contained in Statement of Additional Information.

5. The Scheme may invest in another scheme under the same asset management company or any other Mutual Fund without charging any fees, provided that aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all schemes under the same management or in schemes under the management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the Mutual Fund.

6. Pending deployment of funds of a Scheme in terms of investment objectives of the Scheme, the Mutual Fund may invest the funds of the scheme in short-term deposits of scheduled commercial banks, subject to the following guidelines issued by SEBI and as may be amended from time to time.

Pursuant to clause 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, where the cash in the scheme is parked in short term deposits of Scheduled Commercial Banks pending deployment, the scheme shall abide by the following guidelines:

- (a) "Short Term" for such parking of funds by the Scheme shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days. Such short-term deposits shall be held in the name of the Scheme.
 - (b) The Scheme shall not park more than 15% of net assets in short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such limit may be raised to 20% with prior approval of the Trustees.
 - (c) Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the Mutual Fund in short term deposits.
 - (d) The Scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
 - (e) The Scheme shall not park funds in short term deposit of a bank which has invested in that Scheme. Trustees/AMCs shall also ensure that the bank in which a scheme has STD do not invest in the said scheme until the scheme has STD with such bank
 - (f) The AMC will not charge any investment management and advisory fees for funds under a Plan parked in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.
 - (g) The above provisions will not apply to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivatives market.
7. The Scheme shall not make any investment in:
- (a) any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
 - (b) any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
 - (c) the listed securities of group companies of the sponsor which is in excess of 25 per cent of the net assets.
8. The Scheme shall not make any investment in any fund of funds scheme.
9. All investments by a mutual fund scheme in equity shares and equity related instruments shall only be made provided such securities are listed or to be listed.
10. If any company invests more than 5% of the NAV of any of the Scheme, investments made by that or any other schemes of the Mutual Fund in that company or its subsidiaries will be disclosed in accordance with the SEBI (MF) Regulations.
11. The Mutual Fund may borrow to meet liquidity needs, for the purpose of repurchase, redemption of units or payment of interest or IDCW to the Unitholders and such borrowings shall not exceed 20% of the net asset of the Scheme and duration of the borrowing shall not exceed 6 months. The Mutual Fund may borrow from permissible entities at prevailing market rates and may offer the assets of the Mutual Fund as collateral for such borrowing.
12. No term loans will be advanced by the Scheme.
13. The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in debt instruments comprising money market instruments and non-money market instruments issued by a single issuer which are rated not below investment

grade by a credit rating agency authorised to carry out such activity under the SEBI Act. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the NAV of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Boards of the Trustee Company and the AMC;

Provided that such limit shall not be applicable for investments in Government Securities, treasury bills and Tri-Party repos on government securities or treasury bills;

Further, in accordance with clause 12.8 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, within the limits specified above, following prudential limits shall be followed for the scheme:

The scheme shall not invest more than:

10% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AAA; or

8% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AA; or

6% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated A and below issued by a single issuer.

The above investment limits may be extended by up to 2% of the NAV of the scheme with prior approval of the Board of Trustees and Board of Directors of the AMC, subject to compliance with the overall 12% limit specified in clause 1 of Seventh Schedule of MF Regulation.

Provided further that investment within such limit can be made in mortgaged backed securitised debt which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with SEBI.

14. A mutual fund scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers, except Government Securities and other money market instruments.

Provided that Mutual Fund Schemes may invest in unlisted non-convertible debentures up to a maximum of 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme subject to such conditions as may be specified by the Board from time to time:

Provided further that mutual fund schemes shall comply with the norms under this clause within the time and in the manner as may be specified by the Board.

Provided further that the norms for investments by mutual fund schemes in unrated debt instruments shall be specified by the Board from time to time

15. Mutual fund schemes shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers (CPs), other than (a) government securities, (b) other money market instruments and (c) derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. which are used by mutual funds for hedging.

However, mutual fund schemes may invest in unlisted Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs) not exceeding 10% of the debt portfolio, as per respective investment limits and timelines mentioned in Circular dated October 1, 2019, of the debt portfolio of the scheme subject to the condition that such unlisted NCDs have a simple structure (i.e. with fixed and uniform coupon, fixed maturity period, without any options, fully paid up upfront, without any credit enhancements or structured obligations) and are rated and secured with coupon payment frequency on monthly basis.

SEBI vide Circular dated April 28, 2020 has allowed the existing unlisted NCDs to be grandfathered till maturity, such NCDs are herein referred to as “identified NCDs.

Accordingly, mutual funds schemes can transact in such identified NCDs and the criteria specified above shall not be applicable for such identified NCDs, Subject to compliance with investment due diligence and all other applicable investment restrictions as given below:-

A mutual fund scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in unrated debt instruments issued by a single issuer and the total investment in such instruments shall not exceed 25% of the NAV of the scheme. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees and the Board of asset Management Company.

For the above purposes, listed debt instruments shall include listed and to be listed debt instruments.

All fresh investments by mutual fund schemes in CPs would be made only in CPs which are listed or to be listed.

16. Investment in unrated debt and money market instruments, other than government securities, treasury bills, derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. by mutual fund schemes shall be subject to the following:

- a) Investments should only be made in such instruments, including bills rediscounting, usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated and for which separate investment norms or limits are not provided in SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996 and various circulars issued thereunder.
- b) Exposure of mutual fund schemes in such instruments, shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the schemes.
- c) All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of MC and the Board of trustees

17. Investments should only be made in such instruments, including bills re-discounting, usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated and for which separate investment norms or limits are not provided in SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996 and various circulars issued thereunder.

18. Restrictions on Investment in debt instruments having Structured Obligations / Credit Enhancements:
The investment of mutual fund schemes in the following instruments shall not exceed 10% of the debt portfolio of the schemes and the group exposure in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the debt portfolio of the schemes:

- Unsupported rating of debt instruments (i.e. without factoring-in credit enhancements) is below investment grade and
- Supported rating of debt instruments (i.e. after factoring-in credit enhancement) is above investment grade.

For the purpose of this provision, 'Group' shall have the same meaning as defined under clause 12.9 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023.

Investment limits as mentioned above shall not be applicable on investments in securitized debt instruments, as defined in SEBI (Public Offer and Listing of Securitized Debt Instruments) Regulations 2008.

Investment in debt instruments, having credit enhancements backed by equity shares directly or indirectly, shall have a minimum cover of 4 times considering the market value of such shares.

AMCs may ensure that the investment in debt instruments having credit enhancements are sufficiently covered to address the market volatility and reduce the inefficiencies of invoking of the pledge or cover, whenever required, without impacting the interest of the investors. In case of fall in the value of the cover below the specified limit, AMCs should initiate necessary steps to ensure protection of the interest of the investors.

19. Investment in debt instruments, having credit enhancements backed by equity shares directly or indirectly, shall have a minimum cover of 4 times considering the market value of such shares. AMCs may ensure that the investment in debt instruments having credit enhancements are sufficiently covered to address the market volatility and reduce the inefficiencies of invoking of the pledge or cover, whenever required, without impacting the interest of the investors. In case of fall in the value of the cover below the specified limit, AMCs should initiate necessary steps to ensure protection of the interest of the investors.

20. Sector exposure-

In accordance with clause 12.9 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, the total exposure to a single sector shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Scheme. The sectoral classification shall be as per the classification provided by AMFI, as amended from time to time. However, this limit is not applicable for investments in Bank CDs, Tri-Party Repo (TPR), Government Securities, Treasury Bills, AAA rated securities issued by Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks and short-term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.

Provided that, pursuant to clause 12.9 of SEBI Master Circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, an additional exposure to financial services sector (over and above the limit of 20%) not exceeding 10% of the net assets of the Scheme shall be allowed by way of increase in exposure to Housing Finance Companies (HFCs) only;

Further, an additional exposure of 5% of the net assets of the scheme has been allowed for investments in securitized debt instruments based on retail housing loan portfolio and/or affordable housing loan portfolio.

Provided further that the additional exposure to such securities issued by HFCs are rated AA and above and these HFCs are registered with National Housing Bank (NHB) and the total investment/ exposure in HFCs shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme.

21. Group exposure -

The total exposure of the Scheme in a particular group (excluding investments in securities issued by Public Sector Units, Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Scheme. Such investment limit may be extended to 25% of the net assets of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees. The investments of the scheme in debt and money market instruments of group companies of both the sponsor and the asset management company shall not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme. Such investment limit may be extended to 15% of the net assets of the scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees.

For this purpose, a group means a Group as defined under regulation 2 (mm) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 (Regulations) and shall include an entity, its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, its holding company and its associates.

22. No sponsor of a mutual fund, its associate or group company including the asset management company of the fund, through the schemes of the mutual fund or otherwise, individually or collectively, directly or indirectly, have -

- a. 10% or more of the share-holding or voting rights in the asset management company or the trustee company of any other mutual fund; or
- b. representation on the board of the asset management company or the trustee company of any other mutual fund.

23. Limits for investment in Instruments having Special Features shall be as follows:

- i. No Mutual Fund under all its schemes shall own more than 10% of such instruments issued by a single issuer
- ii. A Mutual Fund scheme shall not invest –
 - a. more than 10% of its NAV of the debt portfolio of the scheme in such instruments; and
 - b. more than 5% of its NAV of the debt portfolio of the scheme in such instruments issued by a single issuer.
 The above investment limit for a mutual fund scheme shall be within the overall limit for debt instruments issued by a single issuer, as specified at clause 1 of the Seventh Schedule of SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996, and other prudential limits with respect to the debt instruments.

Investments Limitations and Restrictions in Foreign Securities

Pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India guidelines, SEBI Regulations and Circulars, the following are the investment and other limitations as presently applicable to the Scheme. All the overseas investments by the Scheme and the Fund, however, will always be within the investment restrictions as specified under SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, and as amended from time to time.

As per the SEBI (MF) Regulation, the Fund is permitted to invest USD 1 billion. However, the overall limit for the Mutual Fund Industry is USD 7 billion. The Scheme therefore may or may not be able to utilise the limit of USD 1 billion due to the USD 7 billion limit being exhausted by other Mutual Funds. Further, the overall ceiling for investment in overseas Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) that invests in securities is USD 1 billion subject to a maximum of USD 300 million per mutual fund. As and when the investment limits are breached, the subscriptions into the Scheme shall be suspended till further notice by the AMC.

Mutual Funds can make investments in overseas Exchange Traded Fund (ETF(s)) subject to a maximum of USD 300 million per Mutual Fund, within the overall industry limit of USD 1 billion.

The permissible investments in which the Scheme can invest in:

- i. ADRs/ GDRs issued by Indian or foreign companies
- ii. Equity of overseas companies listed on recognized stock exchanges overseas
- iii. Initial and follow on public offerings for listing at recognized stock exchanges overseas
- iv. Foreign debt securities in the countries with fully convertible currencies, short term as well as long term debt instruments with rating not below investment grade by accredited/registered credit rating agencies
- v. Money market instruments rated not below investment grade
- vi. Repos in the form of investment, where the counterparty is rated not below investment grade; repos should not however, involve any borrowing of funds by mutual funds
- vii. Government securities where the countries are rated not below investment grade
- viii. Derivatives traded on recognized stock exchanges overseas only for hedging and portfolio balancing with underlying as securities
- ix. Short term deposits with banks overseas where the issuer is rated not below investment grade
- x. Units/securities issued by overseas mutual funds or unit trusts registered with overseas regulators and investing in (a) aforesaid securities, (b) Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) listed in recognized stock exchanges overseas or (c) unlisted overseas securities (not exceeding 10% of their net assets).

All investment restrictions shall be applicable at the time of making investments. The AMC may alter these limitations/objectives from time to time to the extent the SEBI Regulations change so as to permit Scheme to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments to achieve its investment objective. The Trustees may from time to time alter these restrictions in conformity with the SEBI Regulations.

C. FUNDAMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the Scheme, in terms of Regulation 18 (15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations:

- (i) Type of a Scheme: An open ended scheme investing in Equity including Index Funds/Equity ETFs, Gold ETFs and Silver ETFs, International Equity ETF and Stocks, Debt & Money Market Instruments.
- (ii) Investment Objective:
 - o Investment Objective: Please refer to section 'Investment Objective'.
 - o Investment pattern - Please refer to section 'Asset Allocation'.
- (iii) Terms of Issue: Provisions with respect to listing, repurchase, redemption, fees and expenses are mentioned in the SID.
- (iv) Any safety net or guarantee provided: The Scheme does not provide any safety net or guaranteed or assured returns.

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations and Clause 1.14.1.4 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 the Trustees shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder or the trust or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder and affect the interests of Unitholders is carried out unless:

- A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unitholder and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated; and
- The Unitholders are given an option for a period of 30 days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load.
- In addition to the conditions specified above for bringing change in the fundamental attributes of any scheme, trustees shall take comments of the Board before bringing such change(s).

D. OTHER SCHEME SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES:

Listing and transfer of units	<p>is not proposed to list the units issued under this scheme. However, the Mutual Fund may at its sole discretion list the Units on one or more stock exchanges at a later date.</p> <p>Units of the Scheme which are issued in demat (electronic) form will be transferred and transmitted in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, as may be amended from time to time.</p> <p>Physical Units which are held in the form of account statement: Any addition / deletion of name from the folio of the unitholder is deemed as transfer of unit who are capable of holding units. Transfer of unit(s) shall be subject to payment of applicable</p>
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	stamp duty by the unitholder(s) and applicable laws. The Fund will not be bound to recognize any other transfer. The above provisions in respect of deletion of names will not be applicable in case of death of Unit holder (in respect of joint holdings) as this is treated as transmission of Units and not transfer.
Dematerialization and Rematerialization of units	<p><u>Dematerialization</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. The Units of the Scheme will be available only in the dematerialized (electronic) mode. ii. The Investor under the Scheme will be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant of NSDL/CDSL and will be required to indicate in the application the Depository Participant's name, Depository Participant's ID Number and beneficiary account number of the applicant with the Depository Participant or such details requested in the Application Form / Transaction Form. iii. The Units of the Scheme will be issued / repurchased and traded compulsorily in dematerialized form. iv. Applications without relevant details of his / her / their depository account are liable to be rejected. v. If KYC details of the investor including IPV is not updated with DP, the applications are liable to be rejected. <p><u>Rematerialization</u></p> <p>Rematerialization of Units will be in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories & Participants) Regulations, 1996 as may be amended from time to time.</p> <p>The process for rematerialization is as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i. The investor will submit a remat request to his/her DP for rematerialization of holdings in his/her account. ii. If there is sufficient balance in the investor's account, the DP will generate a Rematerialization Request Number (RRN) and the same is entered in the space provided for the purpose in the rematerialization request form. iii. The DP will then dispatch the request form to the AMC/ R&T agent. iv. The AMC/ R&T agent accepts the request for rematerialization prints and dispatches the account statement to the investor and sends electronic confirmation to the DP. v. The DP will inform the investor about the changes in the investor account following the acceptance of the request
Minimum Target amount	NA
This is the minimum amount required to operate the scheme and if this is not collected during the NFO period, then all the investors would be refunded the	

<p>amount invested without any return. However, if AMC fails to refund the amount within 5 business days, interest as specified by SEBI (currently 15% p.a.) will be paid to the investors from the expiry of 5 business days from the date of closure of the subscription list</p>	
<p>Maximum amount to be raised (if any)</p>	<p>There is no upper limit on the total amount to be collected in the New Fund Offer</p>
<p>Dividend Policy (IDCW)</p>	<p>The Trustees may declare IDCW subject to the availability of distributable surplus calculated in accordance with SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996. The actual declaration of IDCW and the frequency of distribution will be entirely at the discretion of the Trustees. There is no assurance or guarantee to Unit holders as to the rate of IDCW distribution nor that the IDCWs will be declared regularly, though it is the intention of the Mutual Fund to make regular IDCW distribution under the IDCW Plan. The IDCW would be paid to the Unitholders whose names appear in the Register of Unitholders as on the record date.</p> <p>IDCW Distribution Procedure In accordance with SEBI Regulations, the procedure for IDCW distribution would be as under:</p> <p>When units are sold, and sale price (NAV) is higher than face value of the unit, a portion of sale price that represents realized gains is credited to an Equalization Reserve Account and which can be used to pay IDCW. IDCW can be distributed out of investor's capital (Equalization Reserve), which is part of sale price that represents realized gains. The Trustee reserves the right to change/modify the aforesaid requirements at a later date in line with SEBI directives from time to time.</p> <p>Quantum of IDCW and the record date will be fixed by the Trustee in their meeting. IDCW so decided shall be paid, subject to availability of distributable surplus. Within one calendar day of decision by the Trustee, the AMC shall issue notice to the public communicating the decision about the IDCW including the record date, in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the head office of the Mutual Fund is situated, whichever is issued earlier.</p> <p>Record date shall be the date, which will be considered for the purpose of determining the eligibility of investors whose names appear on the register of Unitholders for receiving IDCWs. The Record Date will be 5 calendar days from the date of issue of notice. The notice will, in font size 10, bold, categorically state that pursuant to payment of IDCW, the NAV of the Scheme would fall to the extent of payout and statutory levy (if</p>

	<p>applicable). The NAV will be adjusted to the extent of IDCW distribution and statutory levy, if any, at the close of business hours on record date. Before the issue of such notice, no communication indicating the probable date of IDCW declaration in any manner whatsoever will be issued by Mutual Fund.</p>
Allotment (Detailed procedure)	<p>The Fund will allot units and dispatch statement of accounts within 5 working days from the receipt of the funds. The units of the Scheme would be allotted at the applicable NAV. Investors under the Scheme will have an option to hold the Units either in dematerialized (electronic) form or in physical form. In case of investors opting to hold Units in dematerialized mode, the Units will be credited to the investors' depository account (as per the details provided by the investor). Further, a holding statement could be obtained from the Depository Participants by the Investor. In case of investors opting to hold the Units in physical mode, on allotment, the AMC/Fund will send to the Unitholders, an account statement specifying the number of units allotted by way of physical form (where email address is not registered) and/or email and/or SMS within 5 Business Days from the receipt of the Fund to the registered address/e-mail address and/or mobile number. Normally, no certificates will be issued. However, on request from the Unitholder, Unit certificates will be issued for the same. The AMC will issue a Unit certificate to the applicant within 5 Business Days of the receipt of request for the certificate. Unit certificate, if issued, must be duly discharged by the Unit holder(s) and surrendered along with the request for redemption/switch or any other transaction of Units covered therein. The AMC shall, on production of instrument of transfer together with relevant unit certificates, register the transfer and return the unit certificate to the transferee within thirty days from the date of such production.</p> <p>As per regulation 37, The units shall be freely transferrable.</p> <p>The allotment of units is subject to realization of the payment instrument.</p> <p>Any application for subscription of units may be rejected if found incomplete by the AMC/Trustee.</p>
Refund	<p>If application is rejected, full amount will be refunded within 5 working days of receipt of the fund. If refunded later than 5 working days @ 15% p.a. for delay period will be paid and charged to the AMC.</p>

<p>Mode of Payment of IDCWs</p>	<p>The IDCW proceeds will be paid by way of cheque, IDCW Warrants / Direct Credit / National Electronic Fund Transfer (NEFT) / Real Time Gross Settlement (RTGS) / National Electronic Clearing System (NECS) or any other manner to the unitholder's bank account as recorded in the Registrar & Transfer Agent's records. The AMC, at its discretion at a later date, may choose to alter or add other modes of payment.</p> <p>Further, AMCs may also use modes of dispatch such as speed post, courier etc. for payments including refunds to unitholders in addition to the registered post with acknowledgement due.</p> <p>In case of Units under the IDCW Option held in dematerialised mode, the IDCW Payout will be credited to the bank account of the investor, as per the bank account details recorded with the DP.</p> <p>All the IDCW payments shall be in accordance and compliance with SEBI regulations, as amended from time to time.</p>
<p>Who can invest This is an indicative list and investors shall consult their financial advisor to ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to their risk profile.</p>	<p>This is an indicative list and you are requested to consult your financial advisor. The following are eligible to subscribe to the units of the Scheme:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Resident adult individuals, either singly or jointly (not exceeding three) or on anyone or Survivor basis. 2. Minors through Parents/Lawful Guardian. AMC will follow uniform process 'in respect of investments made in the name of a minor through a guardian' by SEBI vide clause 17.6.1 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI /HO/IMD/ IMD-PoD-1 / P/ CIR / 2023/74 dated May 19, 20. 3. Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) through its Karta. 4. Partnership Firms in the name of any one of the partner. 5. Proprietorship in the name of the sole proprietor. 6. Companies, Body Corporate, Societies, (including registered co-operative societies), Association of Persons, Body of Individuals, Clubs and Public Sector Undertakings registered in India if authorized and permitted to invest under applicable laws and regulations. 7. Banks (including co-operative Banks and Regional Rural Banks), Financial Institutions. 8. Mutual Fund schemes registered with SEBI. 9. Non-Resident Indians (NRIs) / Persons of Indian Origin (PIOs) residing abroad on repatriation basis and on non-repatriation basis. NRIs and PIOs who are residents of U.S. and Canada cannot invest in the Schemes of MOMF. # 10. Foreign Portfolio Investor (FPI)

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 11. Charitable or Religious Trusts, Wakf Boards or endowments of private trusts (subject to receipt of necessary approvals as “Public securities” as required) and private trusts authorized to invest in units of Mutual Fund schemes under their trust deeds. 12. Army, Air Force, Navy, Para-military funds and other eligible institutions. 13. Scientific and Industrial Research Organizations. 14. Multilateral Funding Agencies or Bodies Corporate incorporated outside India with the permission of Government of India and the Reserve Bank of India. 15. Overseas Financial Organizations which have entered into an arrangement for investment in India, inter-alia with a Mutual Fund registered with SEBI and which arrangement is approved by Government of India. 16. Provident / Pension / Gratuity / Superannuation and such other retirement and employee benefit and other similar funds as and when permitted to invest. 17. Qualified Foreign Investors (subject to and in compliance with the extant regulations) 18. Other Associations, Institutions, Bodies etc. authorized to invest in the units of Mutual Fund. 19. Trustees, AMC, Sponsor or their associates may subscribe to the units of the Scheme. 20. Such other categories of investors permitted by the Mutual Fund from time to time, in conformity with the SEBI Regulations. 21. Upon the minor attaining the status of major, the minor in whose name the investment was made, shall be required to provide all the KYC details, PAN details as mentioned under the paragraph “Anti Money Laundering and Know Your Customer”, updated bank account details including cancelled original cheque leaf of the new account and his specimen Signature duly authenticated by his banker. No further transactions shall be allowed till the status of the minor is changed to major. 22. Pursuant to clause 17.6 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI /HO/IMD/ IMD-PoD-1 / P/ CIR / 2023/74 dated May 19, 2023 investors are required to note that the minor shall be the sole unit holder in a folio. Joint holders will not be registered. <p>The minor unit holder shall be represented either by natural parent (father and mother) or by a legal guardian. Payment of investment shall be from the authorised banking channels and from the bank account of minor or joint account of minor with guardian.</p> <p>The process of minor attaining major and status of investment</p>
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	<p>etc. is mention in Statement of Additional Information (SAI).</p> <p>Investors are requested to refer SAI for detailed information.</p>
Who cannot invest	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Persons residing in the Financial Action Task Force (FATF) Non-Compliant Countries and Territories (NCCTs). 2. Pursuant to RBI Circular No. 14 dated September 16, 2003, Overseas Corporate Bodies (OCBs) cannot invest in Mutual Funds. 3. United States Person (“U.S. person”*) and NRIs residing in Canada as defined under the laws of the United States of America and Canada respectively except lump sum subscription, switch transactions, Systematic Transfer Plan (STP), Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) requests received from Non-resident Indians / Persons of Indian origin who at the time of such investment / first time registration of specified facility are present in India and submit a physical transaction request along with such documents as may be prescribed by the AMC / Mutual Fund from time to time. The AMC shall accept such investments subject to the applicable laws and such other terms and conditions as may be notified by the AMC / Mutual Fund. The investor shall be responsible for complying with all the applicable laws for such investments. The AMC / Mutual Fund reserves the rights to put the transaction requests on hold / reject the transaction request / reverse allotted units, as the case may be, as and when identified by the AMC / Mutual Fund, which are not in compliance with the terms and conditions prescribed in this regard. 4. Such other persons as may be specified by AMC from time to time. <p>*The term “U.S. person” means any person that is a U.S. person within the meaning of Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933 of U.S. or as defined by the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission or as per such further amended definitions, interpretations, legislations, rules etc., as may be in force from time to time.</p> <p>The Trustees/AMC reserves the right to include / exclude new / existing categories of investors to invest in the Scheme from time to time and change, subject to SEBI Regulations and other prevailing statutory regulations, if any.</p> <p>Note: It is mandatory to complete the KYC requirements for all unit holders, including for all joint holders and the guardian in case of folio of a minor investor</p>

<p>How to Apply (details)</p>	<p>This section must be read in conjunction with Statement of Additional Information Fund (herewith referred as “SAI”). Investors should mandatorily use the Application Forms, Transactions Request, included in the KIM and other standard forms available at the Investor Service Centers/ www.motilaloswalmf.com, for any financial/non-financial transactions. Any transactions received in any non-standard forms are liable to be rejected.</p> <p>Investors are advised to fill up the details of their bank account numbers on the application form in the space provided. In order to protect the interest of the Unit holders from fraudulent encashment of cheques, SEBI has made it mandatory for investors in mutual funds to state their bank account numbers in their applications. SEBI has also made it mandatory for investors to mention their Permanent Account Number (PAN) transacting in the units of Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund (herewith referred as “MOMF”), irrespective of the amount of transaction.</p> <p>Please also note that the KYC is mandatory for making investment in mutual funds schemes irrespective of the amount, for details please refer to SAI. The application (both direct application and application routed through Distributor) should be complete in all respects along with the cheque / pay order / demand draft / other payment instruction should be submitted at the Investor Service Center, Official Point of Acceptance of Transaction, at the registered and corporate office of the AMC and the office of the Registrar during their Business Hours on their respective Business Day. No outstation cheques or stock invests will be accepted. Currently, the option to invest in the Scheme through payment mode as Cash is not available. The Trustees reserves the right to change/modify above provisions at a later date.</p> <p>Investors can execute transactions online through the official website https://www.motilaloswalmf.com/investonline, Please refer to the SAI and Application form for the detailed instructions.</p> <p>Pursuant to the clause 17.16 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023, the Investors subscribing to units of the Scheme are compulsorily required to provide:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) Nomination; or b) A declaration form for opting out of nomination. <p>Pursuant to SEBI Circular vide SEBI/HO/IMD/IMD-I POD1/P/CIR/2024/29 dated April 30, 2024 the nomination for mutual funds shall be exempted for jointly held folios</p>
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	The applications where neither nomination is provided nor declaration for opting out of nomination is provided, are liable to be rejected.
The policy regarding reissue of repurchased units, including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same.	Units once redeemed/repurchased will not be re-issued
Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.	<p>The Trustee may, in the general interest of the Unitholders of the Scheme and when considered appropriate to do so based on unforeseen circumstances/unusual market conditions, impose restriction on redemption of Units of the Schemes. The following requirements will be observed before imposing restriction on redemptions:</p> <p>Restriction may be imposed when there are circumstances leading to a systemic crisis or event that severely constricts market liquidity or the efficient functioning of markets such as:</p> <p>j. Liquidity issues - when market at large becomes illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific security. AMCs should have in place sound internal liquidity management tools for schemes. Restriction on redemption cannot be used as an ordinary tool in order to manage the liquidity of a scheme. Further, restriction on redemption due to illiquidity of a specific security in the portfolio of a scheme due to a poor investment decision shall not be allowed.</p> <p>ii. Market failures, exchange closures - when markets are affected by unexpected events which impact the functioning of exchanges or the regular course of transactions. Such unexpected events could also be related to political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies.</p> <p>iii. Operational issues - when exceptional circumstances are caused by force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out). Such cases can only be considered if they are reasonably unpredictable and occur in spite of appropriate diligence of third parties, adequate and effective disaster recovery procedures and systems</p> <p>b. Restriction on redemption may be imposed for a specific period of time not exceeding 10 working days in any 90 days' period.</p>

	<p>Any such imposition requires specific approval of Board of AMCs and Trustees and the same shall be immediately informed to SEBI.</p> <p>When restriction on redemption is applied the following procedure shall be followed: Redemption requests upto Rs. 2lakh will not be subject to such restriction. In case of redemption requests above Rs. 2 lakhs, the AMC shall redeem the first Rs. 2 lakhs without restriction and remaining part over above be subject to such restriction.</p> <p>Units of the Scheme which are issued in demat (electronic) form will be transferred and transmitted in accordance with the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, as may be amended from time to time.</p> <p>Right to Limit Fresh Subscription The Trustees reserves the right at its sole discretion to withdraw / suspend the allotment / Subscription of Units in the Scheme temporarily or indefinitely, at the time of NFO or otherwise, if it is viewed that increasing the size of such Scheme may prove detrimental to the Unit holders of such Scheme. An order to Purchase the Units is not binding on and may be rejected by the Trustees or the AMC unless it has been confirmed in writing by the AMC and/or payment has been received.</p> <p>Physical Units which are held in the form of account statement: Additions/deletion of names in case of Units held in other than demat mode in the form of account statement will not be allowed under any folio of the Scheme. However, on request from the Unitholder, Unit certificates will be issued in lieu of account statement for the same. The AMC will issue a Unit certificate to the applicant within 5 Business Days of the receipt of request for the certificate. Unit certificate, if issued, must be duly discharged by the Unit holder(s) and surrendered along with the request for redemption/switch or any other transaction of Units covered therein. The AMC shall, on production of instrument of transfer together with relevant unit certificates,</p>
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	<p>register the transfer and return the unit certificate to the transferee within thirty days from the date of such production.</p> <p>The above provisions in respect of deletion of names will not be applicable in case of death of Unit holder (in respect of joint holdings) as this is treated as transmission of Units and not transfer.</p>
<p>Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions/ switches</p> <p>This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.</p>	<p>As per clause 8.4.6.2 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI /HO/IMD/ IMD-PoD-1 / P/ CIR / 2023/74 dated May 19, 2023 with effect from February 01, 2021, in respect of purchase of units of mutual fund schemes (except liquid and overnight schemes), closing NAV of the day shall be applicable on which the funds are available for utilization irrespective of the size and time of receipt of such application subject to cut-off timing provisions.</p> <p>Considering the above, cut-off timings with respect to Subscriptions/Purchases including switch – ins shall be as follows:</p> <p>In respect of valid applications received by 3.00 p.m. on a Business Day and where the funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase / switch-ins as per the application are credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the cut-off time i.e. available for utilization before the cut-off time- the closing NAV of the day shall be applicable.</p> <p>In respect of valid applications received after 3.00 p.m. on a Business Day and where the funds for the entire amount of subscription / purchase as per the application are credited to the bank account of the Scheme before the cut-off time of the next Business Day i.e. available for utilization before the cut-off time of the next Business Day - the closing NAV of the next Business Day shall be applicable.</p> <p>In respect of valid applications with an outstation cheques or demand drafts not payable at par at the Official Points of Acceptance where the application is received, the closing NAV of day on which the cheque or demand draft is credited shall be applicable.</p> <p>In respect of valid applications, the time of receipt of applications or the funds for the entire amount are available for utilization, whichever is later, will be used to determine the applicability of NAV.</p> <p>In case of other facilities like Systematic Investment Plan (SIP), Systematic Transfer Plan (STP), etc., the NAV of the day on</p>

	<p>which the funds are available for utilization by the Target Scheme shall be considered irrespective of the instalment date.</p> <p>Redemptions including switch – outs: In respect of valid applications received upto 3.00 p.m. by the Mutual Fund, closing NAV of the day of receipt of application, shall be applicable.</p> <p>In respect of valid applications received after 3.00 p.m. by the Mutual Fund, the closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable.</p> <p>The AMC reserves the right to change / modify the aforesaid requirements at a later date in line with SEBI directives from time to time.</p> <p><u>Transaction through online facilities/ electronic mode:</u> The time of transaction done through various online facilities/electronic modes offered by the AMC, for the purpose of determining the applicability of NAV, would be the time when the request of purchase/redemption/switch/SIP/STP of units is received on the servers of AMC/RTA as per terms and conditions of such facilities.</p> <p><u>Transaction through Stock Exchange:</u> With respect to investors who transact through the stock exchange, Applicable NAV shall be reckoned on the basis of the time stamping as evidenced by confirmation slip given by stock exchange mechanism.</p>
<p>Where can the applications for purchase/redemption switches be submitted?</p>	<p>Please refer the AMC website https://www.motilaloswalmf.com/contact-us at the following link for the list of official points of acceptance, collecting banker details etc.</p> <p>As per SEBI requirements, it is mandatory for an investor to provide his/her bank account number in the Application Form.</p>
<p>Minimum amount for purchase/swiches into the Scheme</p>	<p>Rs. 500/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter. Minimum additional amount will be Rs. 500/- and in multiples of Re. 1/-thereafter.</p> <p>AMC may revise the minimum/maximum amounts and the methodology for new/additional subscriptions, as and when necessary. Such change may be brought about after taking into account the cost structure for a transaction/account and /or Market practices and/or the interest of existing Unit holders. Further, such changes shall only be applicable to transactions from the date of such a change, on a prospective basis.</p>

<p>Minimum Redemption/switch-out Amount</p>	<p>Rs. 500/- and in multiples of Re.1/- thereafter or account balance, whichever is lower.</p> <p>In case the Investor specifies the number of Units and amount, the number of units shall be considered for Redemption. In case the unit holder does not specify the number or amount, Mutual Fund shall reject the transaction. If the balance Units in the Unit holder's account does not cover the amount specified in the redemption request, then the Mutual Fund shall reject the transaction. If the balance Units in the Unit holder's account is less than the specified in the redemption request, then the Mutual Fund shall reject the transaction.</p> <p>In case of Units held in dematerialized mode, the Unitholder can give a request for Redemption only in number of Units. Request for subscriptions can be given only in amount. Depository participants of registered Depositories to process only redemption request of units held in Demat form.</p>
<p>Accounts Statements</p>	<p>In accordance with clause 14.4.3 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI /HO/IMD/ IMD-PoD-1 / P/ CIR / 2023/74 dated May 19, 2023the investor whose transaction has been accepted by the MOAMC shall receive a confirmation by way of email and/or SMS within 5 Business Days from the date of receipt of transaction request, same will be sent to the Unit holders registered e-mail address and/or mobile number. Thereafter, a Consolidated Account Statement (“CAS”) shall be issued in line with the following procedure:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Consolidation of account statement shall be done on the basis of PAN. In case of multiple holding, it shall be PAN of the first holder and pattern of holding. 2. The CAS shall be generated on a monthly basis and shall be issued on or before 15th of the immediately succeeding month to the unit holder(s) in whose folio(s) transaction(s) has/have taken place during the month. 3. In case there is no transaction in any of the mutual fund folios then CAS detailing holding of investments across all schemes of all Mutual Funds will be issued on half yearly basis [at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March)] and shall be issued on or before 21st of the immediately succeeding month. 4. Investors having MF investments and holding securities in Demat account shall receive a Consolidated Account Statement containing details of transactions across all Mutual Fund schemes and securities from the Depository by email / physical mode. 5. Investors having MF investments and not having Demat account shall receive a Consolidated Account Statement from the MF Industry containing details of transactions across all Mutual Fund schemes by email / physical mode.

	<p>The word ‘transaction’ shall include purchase, redemption, switch, IDCW payout, IDCW reinvestment, systematic investment plan, systematic withdrawal plan, and systematic transfer plan. CAS shall not be received by the Unit holders for the folio(s) wherein the PAN details are not updated. The Unit holders are therefore requested to ensure that the folio(s) are updated with their PAN. For Micro SIP and Sikkim based investors whose PAN details are not mandatorily required to be updated Account Statement will be dispatched by MOAMC for each calendar month on or before 10th of the immediately succeeding month.</p> <p>The Consolidated Account statement will be in accordance to clause 14.4.3 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI /HO/IMD/IMD-PoD-1 / P/ CIR / 2023/74 dated May 19, 2023. In case of a specific request received from the Unit holders, MOAMC will provide the account statement to the investors within 5 Business Days from the receipt of such request. Investors are requested/encouraged to register/update their email id and mobile number of the primary holder with the AMC/RTA through our Designated Investor Service Centres (DISCs) in order to facilitate effective communication.</p> <p>Note: If the investor(s) has/have provided his/their email address in the application form or any subsequent communication in any of the folio belonging to the investor(s), Mutual Fund / Asset Management Company reserves the right to use Electronic Mail (email) as a default mode to send various communication which include account statements for transactions done by the investor(s). The investor shall from time to time intimate the Mutual Fund / its Registrar and Transfer Agents about any changes in the email address.</p>
Dividend/ IDCW	The payment of dividend/IDCW to the unitholders shall be made within seven working days from the record date.
Redemption	<p>The redemption or repurchase proceeds shall be dispatched to the unitholders within three working days from the date of redemption or repurchase.</p> <p>For list of exceptional circumstances refer para 14.1.3 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023.</p>
Bank Mandate	As per SEBI requirements, it is mandatory for an investor to provide his/her bank account number in the Application Form. The Bank Account details as mentioned with the Depository should be mentioned. If depository account details furnished in the application form are invalid or not confirmed in the depository system, the application may be rejected. The Application Form without the Bank account details would be treated as incomplete and rejected.

Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds/dividend	The Asset Management Company shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at rate as specified vide clause 14.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated May 19, 2023 by SEBI for the period of such delay.
Unclaimed Redemption and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Amount	<p>In accordance with clause 14.3 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI /HO/IMD/ IMD-PoD-1 / P/ CIR / 2023/74 dated May 19, 2023, Mutual Funds shall provide the details of investors on their website like, their name, address, folios, etc. The website shall also include the process of claiming the unclaimed amount alongwith necessary forms and document. Further, the unclaimed amount along with its prevailing value shall be disclosed to investors separately in their periodic statement of accounts/CAS.</p> <p>Further, pursuant to said circular on treatment of unclaimed redemption and IDCW amounts, redemption/IDCW amounts remaining unclaimed based on expiry of payment instruments will be identified on a monthly basis and amounts of unclaimed redemption/IDCW would be deployed in the respective Unclaimed Amount Plan(s) as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Motilal Oswal Liquid Fund - Unclaimed IDCW - Upto 3 years, • Motilal Oswal Liquid Fund - Unclaimed IDCW - Greater than 3 years, • Motilal Oswal Liquid Fund - Unclaimed Redemption - Upto 3 years • Motilal Oswal Liquid Fund - Unclaimed Redemption - Greater than 3 years <p>Investors are requested to note that pursuant to the circular investors who claim the unclaimed amounts during a period of three years from the due date shall be paid initial unclaimed amount along-with the income earned on its deployment. Investors, who claim these amounts after 3 years, shall be paid initial unclaimed amount along-with the income earned on its deployment till the end of the third year. After the third year, the income earned on such unclaimed amounts shall be used for the purpose of investor education.</p>
Disclosure w.r.t investment by minors	Minors are eligible to invest through Parents/Lawful Guardian. AMC will follow uniform process 'in respect of investments made in the name of a minor through a guardian' by SEBI vide clause 17.6.1 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI /HO/IMD/ IMD-PoD-1 / P/ CIR / 2023/74 dated May 19, 2023
KYC Requirements	Investor are requested to take note that it is mandatory to complete the KYC requirements (including updation of Permanent Account Number) for all unit holders, including for all joint holders and the guardian in case of folio of a minor investor. Accordingly, financial transactions (including redemptions, switches and all types of systematic plans) and non-financial requests are liable to be rejected, if the unit holders have not completed the KYC requirements. Notwithstanding in the

	<p>above cases, the AMC reserves the right to ask for any requisite documents before processing of financial and non-financial transactions or freeze the folios as appropriate. Unit holders are advised to use the applicable KYC Form for completing the KYC requirements and submit the form at the point of acceptance. Further, upon updation of PAN details with the KRA (KRA-KYC)/ CERSAI (CKYC), the unit holders are requested to intimate us/our Registrar and Transfer Agent their PAN information along with the folio details for updation in our records.</p>
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OTHER DETAILS

A. PERIODIC DISCLOSURES

<p>Net Asset Value This is the value per unit of the scheme on a particular day. You can ascertain the value of your investments by multiplying the NAV with your unit balance.</p>	<p>AMC will declare separate NAV under Regular Plan and Direct Plan of the Scheme.</p> <p>The NAV will be calculated on all business days and disclosed in the manner specified by SEBI. The AMC shall update the NAVs on its website www.motilaloswalmf.com and also on AMFI website www.amfiindia.com before 11.00 p.m. on every business day. If the NAVs are not available before 11.00 p.m. on any business day, the reason for delay in uploading NAV would be explained to AMFI in writing. If the NAV is not available before the commencement of Business Hours on the following day due to any reason, the Mutual Fund shall issue a press release giving reasons and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAV.</p> <p>Further, Mutual Funds/ AMCs shall extend facility of sending latest available NAVs to investors through SMS, upon receiving a specific request in this regard. Investors can also contact the office of the AMC to obtain the NAV of the Scheme.</p>
<p>Monthly & Annual Disclosure of Risk-o-meter</p>	<p>The fund shall communicate any change in risk-o-meter by way of Notice cum Addendum and by way of an e-mail or SMS to unitholder. Further Risk-o-meter of scheme shall be evaluated on a monthly basis and Risk-o-meter along with portfolio shall be disclosed on website and on AMFI website within 10 days from the close of each month.</p> <p>Additionally, MOMF shall disclose the risk level of all schemes as on March 31 of every year, along with number of times the risk level has changed over the year, on its website https://www.motilaloswalmf.com/download/regulatory-updates and AMFI website.</p>
<p>Disclosure of Benchmark Risk-o-meter</p>	<p>Pursuant to clause 5.16.1 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI /HO/IMD/ IMD-PoD-1 / P/ CIR / 2023/74 dated May 19, 20, the AMC shall disclose risk-o-meter of the scheme and benchmark in all disclosures including promotional material or that stipulated by SEBI wherever the performance of the scheme vis-à-vis that of the benchmark is disclosed to the investors in which the unit holders are invested as on the date of such disclosure.</p> <p>https://www.motilaloswalmf.com/download/month-end-portfolio</p>
<p>Scheme Summary Document</p>	<p>The AMC has provided on its website</p>

	<p>https://www.motilaloswalmf.com/download/scheme-summary-documents Scheme summary document which is a standalone scheme document for all the Schemes which contains all the details of the Scheme.</p>
Half yearly Disclosures: Financial Results	<p>The Mutual Fund shall within one month from the close of each half year, that is on 31st March and on 30th September, host a soft copy of its unaudited financial results on its website https://www.motilaloswalmf.com/download/financials. The mutual fund shall publish an advertisement disclosing the hosting of such financial results on their website, in atleast one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation and in a newspaper having wide circulation published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated.</p>
Annual Report	<p>The Mutual Fund / AMC will host the Annual Report of the Schemes on its website https://www.motilaloswalmf.com/download/financials and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) not later than four months (or such other period as may be specified by SEBI from time to time) from the date of closure of the relevant accounting year (i.e. 31st March each year).</p> <p>The Mutual Fund / AMC shall mail the scheme annual reports or abridged summary thereof to those investors whose e-mail addresses are registered with MOMF. The full annual report or abridged summary shall be available for inspection at the Head Office of the Mutual Fund and a copy shall be made available to the investors on request at free of cost.</p> <p>Investors who have not registered their e-mail id will have to specifically opt-in to receive a physical copy of the Annual Report or Abridged Summary thereof.</p> <p>MOMF will publish an advertisement every year in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of scheme wise Annual Report on the AMC website (www.motilaloswalmf.com) and on the website of AMFI (www.amfiindia.com).</p>
Product Dashboard	<p>In accordance with clause 5.8.4 of SEBI Master Circular No. SEBI /HO/IMD/ IMD-PoD-1 / P/ CIR / 2023/74 dated May 19, 20, the AMC has designed and developed the dashboard on their website Mutual Funds Performance Top Performing Mutual Funds to Invest in India (motilaloswalmf.com) wherein the investor can access information with regard to scheme's AUM, investment objective, expense ratios, portfolio details and past performance of all the schemes.</p>

<p>Investor services</p>	<p>Mr. Juzer Dalal Motilal Oswal Asset Management Company Limited 10th Floor, Rahimtullah Sayani Road, Opp. Parel ST Depot, Prabhadevi, Mumbai – 400025 Tel No.: +91 8108622222 and +91 22 40548002 Fax No.: 02230896884 Email.: amc@motilaloswal.com</p> <p>Investors are advised to contact any of the Designated Collection Center / Investor Service Center or the AMC by calling the toll free no. of the AMC at +91 8108622222 +91 22 40548002.</p> <p>Investors can also visit our website www.motilaloswalmf.com for complete details.</p> <p>Investor may also approach the Compliance Officer / CEO of the AMC. The details including, inter-alia, name & address of Compliance Officer & CEO, their e-mail addresses and telephone numbers are displayed at each offices of the AMC.</p> <p>For any grievances with respect to transactions through stock exchange mechanism, Unit Holders must approach either their stock broker or the investor grievance cell of the respective stock exchange or their distributor.</p>
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B. TRANSPARENCY/NAV DISCLOSURE

The Direct Plan under the Scheme will have a Separate NAV.

The NAV will be calculated on all business days and shall be disclosed in the manner specified by SEBI. The AMC shall update the NAVs on its website www.motilaloswalmf.com and also on AMFI website www.amfiindia.com before 11.00 p.m. on every business day. If the NAVs are not available before 11.00 p.m. on any business day, the reason for delay in uploading NAV would be explained to AMFI in writing. If the NAV is not available before the commencement of Business Hours on the following day due to any reason, the Mutual Fund shall issue a press release giving reasons and explaining when the Mutual Fund would be able to publish the NAV.

Further, AMC will extend facility of sending latest available NAVs to unitholders through SMS, upon receiving a specific request in this regard.

C. TRANSACTION CHARGE AND STAMP DUTY

The AMC/Mutual Fund shall deduct the Transaction Charges on purchase / subscription received from first time mutual fund investors and investors other than first time mutual fund investors through the distributor or through the stock exchange platforms viz. BSE Star MF/ NSE NMF II platforms (who have specifically opted-in to receive the transaction charges) as under:

- i. For existing investor in a Mutual Fund: Rs.100/- per subscription of Rs. 10,000/- and above;

- ii. For first time investor in Mutual Funds: Rs.150/- per subscription of Rs. 10,000/- and above.

However, there will be no transaction charge on:

- i. Subscription of less than Rs. 10,000/-; or
- ii. Transactions other than purchases/subscriptions relating to new inflows such as Switch/STP/SWP/DTP, etc.; or
- iii. Direct subscription (subscription not routed through distributor); or
- iv. Subscription routed through distributor who has chosen to ‘Opt-out’ of charging of transaction charge.

The transaction charge as mentioned above will be deducted by AMC from subscription amount of the Unitholder and paid to distributor and the balance shall be invested in the Scheme.

The distributors shall also have the option to either opt in or opt out of levying transaction charge based on type of the product.

Pursuant to Notification No. S.O. 1226(E) and G.S.R. 226(E) dated March 30, 2020 issued by Department of Revenue, Ministry of Finance, Government of India, read with Part I of Chapter IV of Notification dated February 21, 2019 issued by Legislative Department, Ministry of Law and Justice, Government of India on the Finance Act, 2019 and Clause 10.1 of SEBI Master Circular dated May 19, 2023, a stamp duty @ 0.005% of the transaction value would be levied on applicable mutual fund transactions, with effect from July 01, 2020. Accordingly, pursuant to levy of stamp duty, the number of units allotted on purchase/ switch-in transactions to the unitholders would be reduced to that extent.

Details to be provided in SAI.

D. ASSOCIATE TRANSACTIONS

Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).

E. TAXATION

Motilal Oswal Mutual Fund is a Mutual Fund registered with SEBI and is governed by the provisions of Section 10(23D) of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Accordingly, any income of a fund set up under a scheme of a SEBI registered mutual fund is exempt from tax. The following information is provided only for general information purposes and is based on the Mutual Fund’s understanding of the Tax Laws as of this date of Document. Investors / Unitholders should be aware that the relevant fiscal rules or their explanation may change. There can be no assurance that the tax position or the proposed tax position will remain same. In view of the individual nature of tax benefits, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax consultant with respect to the specific tax implications arising out of their participation in the Scheme.

The below Tax Rates shall be applicable for FY 2024-25:

Nature of Income	Resident Investor	Mutual Fund
IDCW Income	Slab rate (Applicable Rate)	Nil
Long Term Capital Gains	10% above Rs.1 Lac*	Nil
Short Term Capital Gains	15%	Nil

Tax on IDCW distributed to unit holders	Slab rate	Nil
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*subject to grandfathering clause

Capital Gains tax rates are excluding Surcharge & education cess. For details on taxation, please refer to the clause on Taxation in the Scheme Additional Information (SAI).

F. RIGHTS OF UNITHOLDERS

Please refer to SAI for details.

H. LIST OF OFFICIAL POINTS OF ACCEPTANCE:

To get more information on list of official point of acceptance, Please refer link: <https://www.motilaloswalmf.com/contact-us>

Kfin Technologies Limited (Official Collection Centres)

Registrar

KFin Technologies Limited

Address: Selenium, Tower B, Plot No- 31 & 32, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Serilingampally Hyderabad Rangareddi TG 500032 IN

Tel: 040 79611000 / 67162222

Toll Free No: 18004254034/35

Email: compliance.corp@kfintech.com

Website: www.kfintech.com/

To view the complete details of designated collection centres / Investor Service centres of KFin Technologies Limited Please visit link on MOMF website <https://www.motilaloswalmf.com/contact-us> .

G. PENALTIES, PENDING LITIGATION OR PROCEEDINGS, FINDINGS OF INSPECTIONS OR INVESTIGATIONS FOR WHICH ACTION MAY HAVE BEEN TAKEN OR IS IN THE PROCESS OF BEING TAKEN BY ANY REGULATORY AUTHORITY

Details of pending litigations of MOFSL are as follows:

Link for Brief on litigation cases:

<https://www.motilaloswalmf.com/download/sid-related-documents>